

# Grid Aware End-to-end Analysis and Simulation Environment

# **Dutch Space**

Mark ter Linden 25 October 2002

### **Project**



- Started July 2002, ends June 2003
  - URD ready
  - SSD, SVVP in progress
  - Prototyping in progress
  - Setup of external Grid cluster in progress
- Funded by ESA and Dutch Space
- Project co-ordination by ESA EOP/A (P.G. Marchetti)
- Successor of the OASE and EASE projects
- Web site: http://tphon.dutchspace.nl/grease

#### **Aim**



- Aim of GREASE is to make it easier for scientists to use their existing applications in a Grid environment but hide the underlying technology.
- Focus will be on the simulation, validation and calibration of data processing applications for remote sensing instruments.
- High Level Requirements:
  - No or minimal re-coding of existing applications
  - Use existing Grid environments (based on Globus)
  - Easy to use interfaces

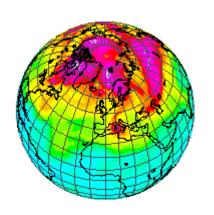
## **OMI Validation (1)**

- OMI (Ozone Monitoring Instrument) is a remote sensing instrument build in the Netherlands and Finland to be part of NASA's EOS-AURA mission (launch in 2004). (http://eos-aura.gsfc.nasa.gov/)
- Provides each day a global coverage of the Earth with a ground resolution of 13 x 13 km.
- Data products:
  - Ozone profiles and columns
  - NO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, BrO, OCIO, aerosols concentrations



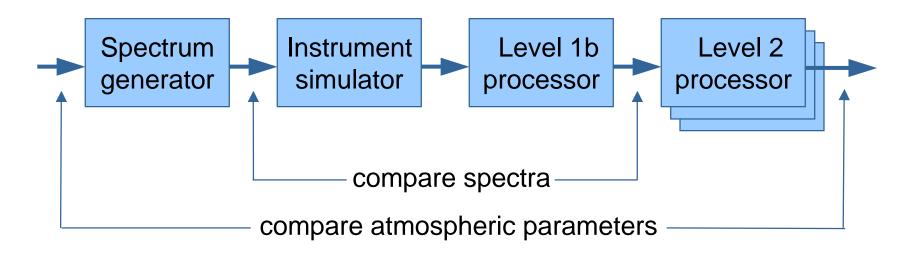






## **OMI Validation (2)**



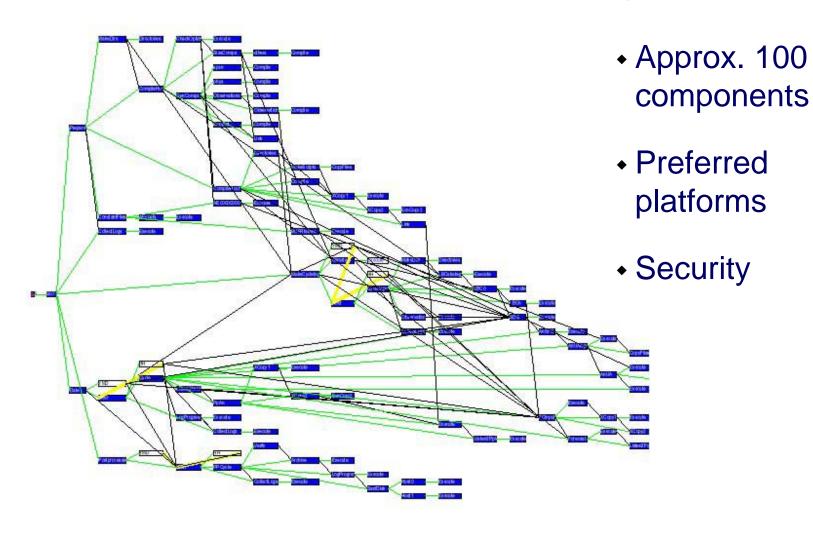


- Simulator and Level 1b Processor are being developed by Dutch Space (the Netherlands). Level 2 Processors are being developed at KNMI (the Netherlands), FMI (Finland) and NASA (United States).
- Simulation + Level 1b Processing takes about 15 minutes on a Pentium III for a single ground pixel.

### Future possible use



HIRLAM - a numerical weather prediction system



#### **Current Situation**

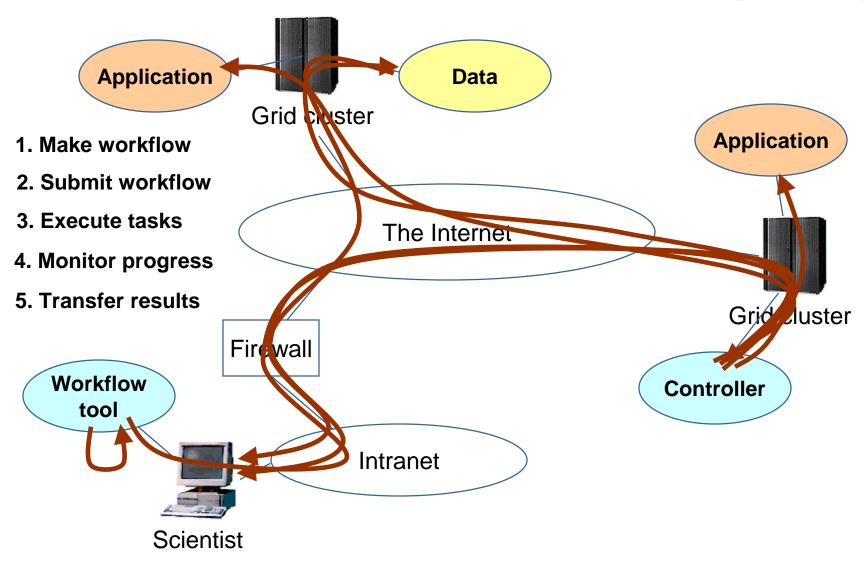


- Globus has command-line tools to submit jobs
- For a simple job the user has to:
  - Obtain a proxy certificate
  - Find a suitable grid node
  - Transfer all required input to the node
  - Submit the job
  - Transfer all output back
- For complex jobs this has to be done many times
- When the user is behind a firewall he has a problem

### Concept

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#### **Architecture**

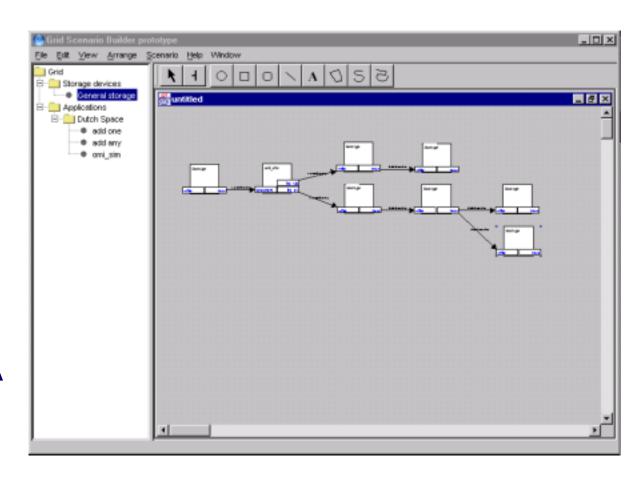


- Three major elements in GREASE:
  - Workflow Tool
  - Controller
  - Monitoring and Control Tool
- Interfaces between workflow tool and other elements based on existing protocols (HTTP, SMTP) to prevent firewall problems

#### **GREASE Workflow Tool**

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- Knows about the data processing applications
- Provides
   drag-and-drop
   user interface
- Portable JAVA application



#### **GREASE Controller**



#### Tasks:

- Parses the incoming workflow
- Searches for suitable resources
- Selects most suitable computing node
- Transfers if required the application to the node
- Transfers the input files to the node
- Executes the application (using the local job manager)
- Transfers the output files from the node
- Implementation possibly as Web Service (and in OGSA as Grid Service)
- Interoperability with DataGrid is under investigation

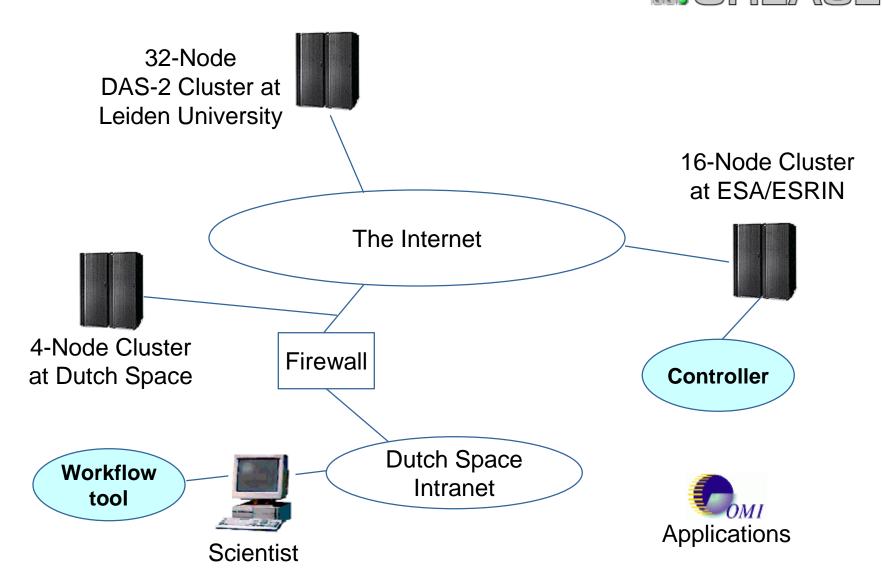
# **GREASE Monitoring & Control Tool**



- Shows progress of his submitted jobs
- Allows the user to stop one of his jobs
- Is accessible via a portal on a web server

#### **Demonstration environment**

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#### This is all...



#### Open issues:

- Specification of work flow (XML, WSFL, BPEL4WS, ...)
- Storage of application meta data (MDS, WSDL/UDDI, ...)
- Implementation of Controller as Web Service
- Final data transfer to end user (FTP, GridFTP, ...)
- Interoperability with DataGrid

#### • More information:

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