
EIC Simulations

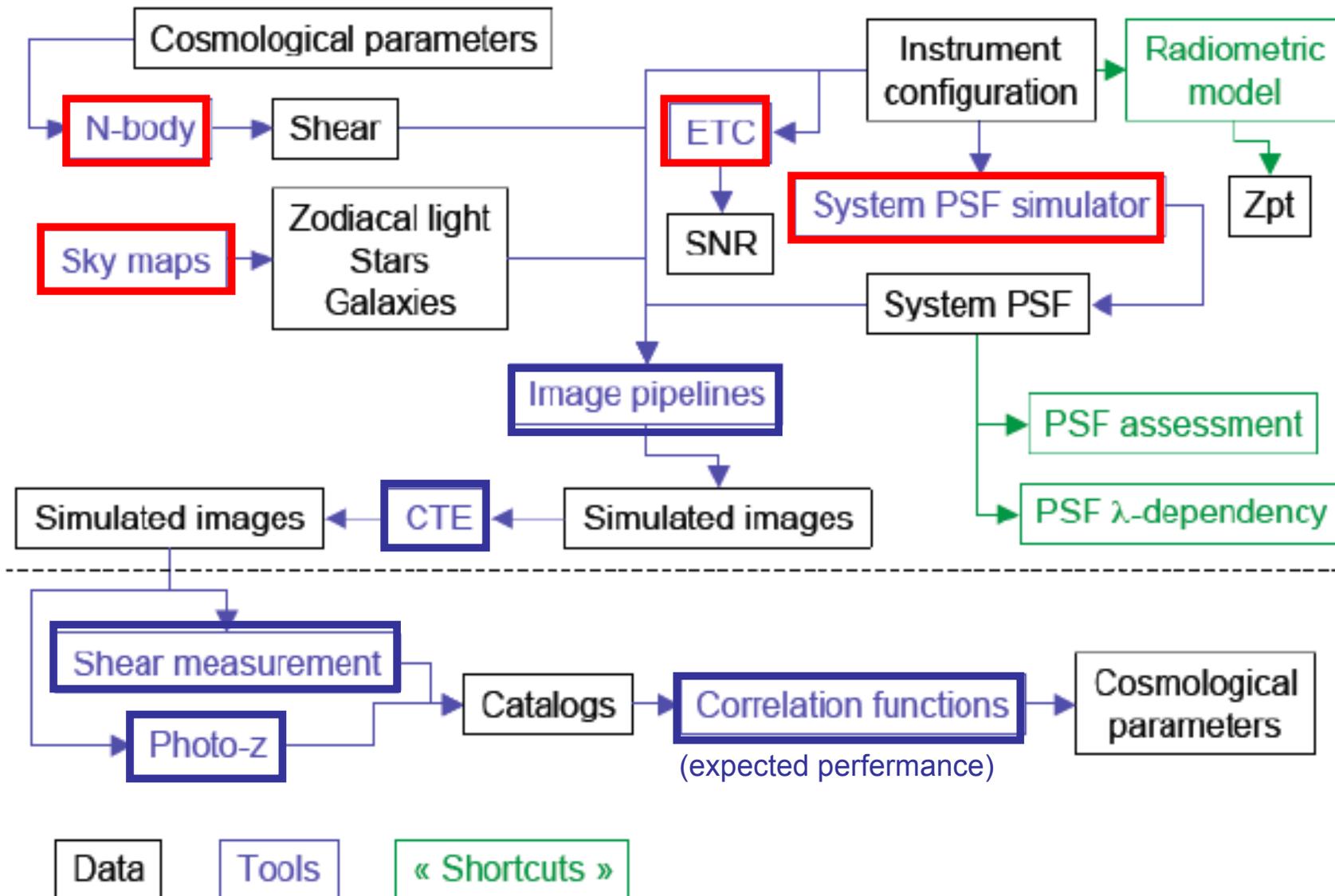
Thomas Kitching

A. Amara, S. Bridle, O. Boulade, B. Dobke,
A. Fontana, A. Grazian, A. Heavens,
A. Kiessling, M. Meneghetti, S. Paulin–Henriksson,
J. Rhodes, A. Refregier, A. Taylor, R. Teyssier, L. Voigt
EIC Weak Lensing & Simulation Working Groups

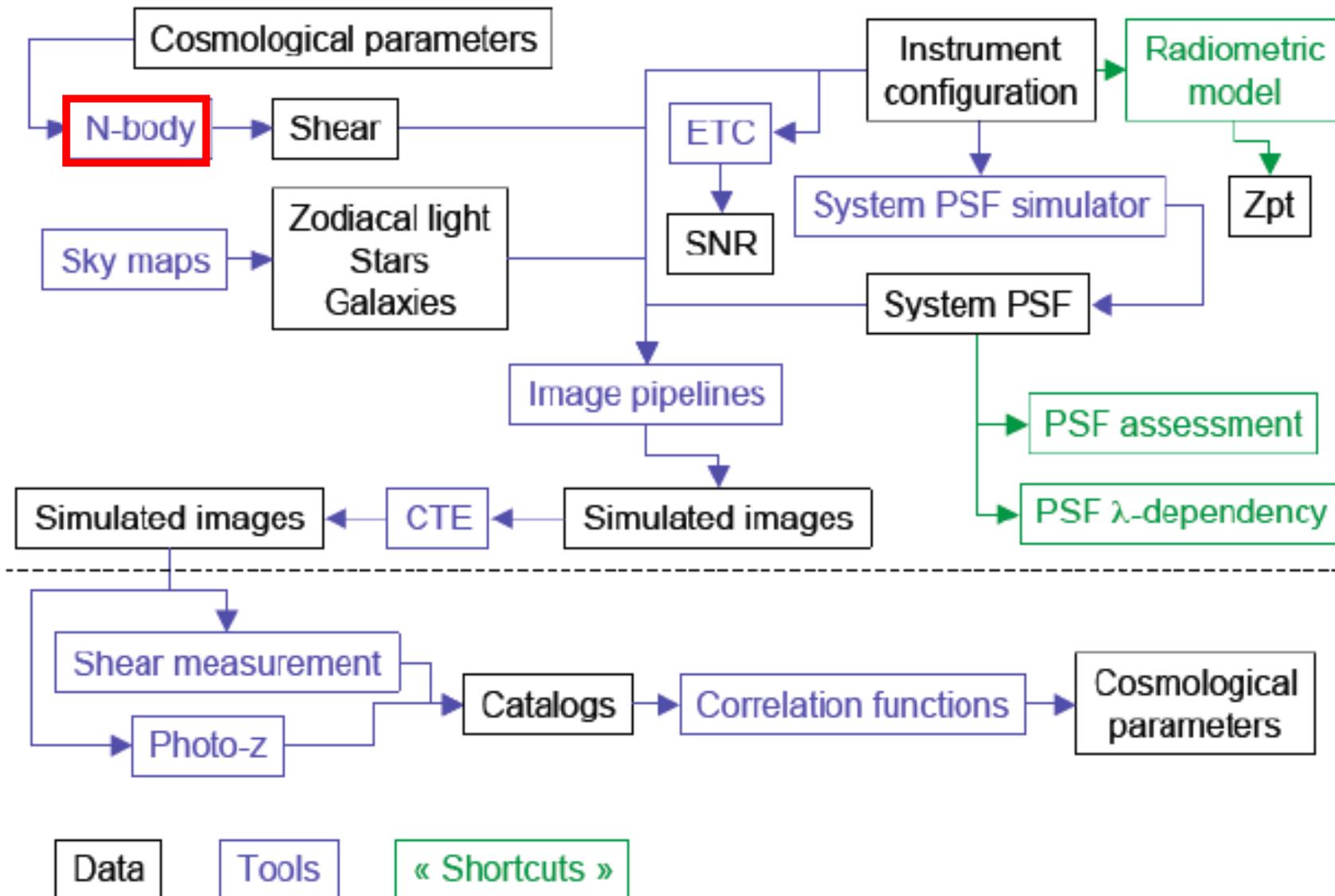
EIC Simulations

- Simulating aspects of
 - Hardware
 - Software
 - Image Reconstruction
- Weak Lensing
- Linking
 - Science Requirements to Mission and Survey Design
- EIC Simulations and Weak Lensing Groups

End-to-End Simulation Infrastructure



End-to-End Simulation Infrastructure



N Body Simulations

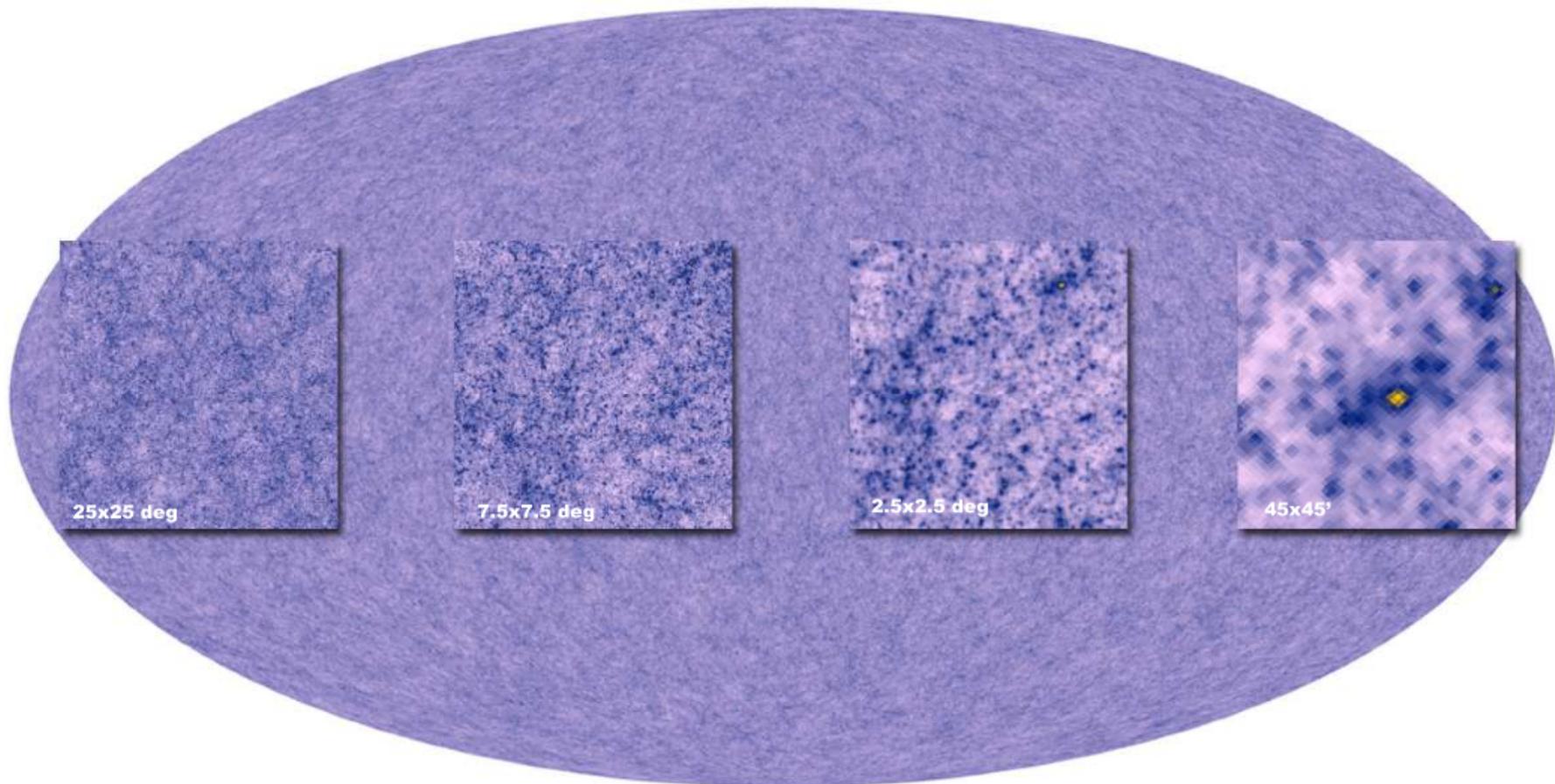
- Need Cosmological N-body Simulations
- Including full ray tracing through dark matter
- Multi-scale Multi-resolution approach

- For the mission
 - Needed for covariances and theoretical predictions

- So far
 - Need to create realistic mock surveys

N-body Simulations

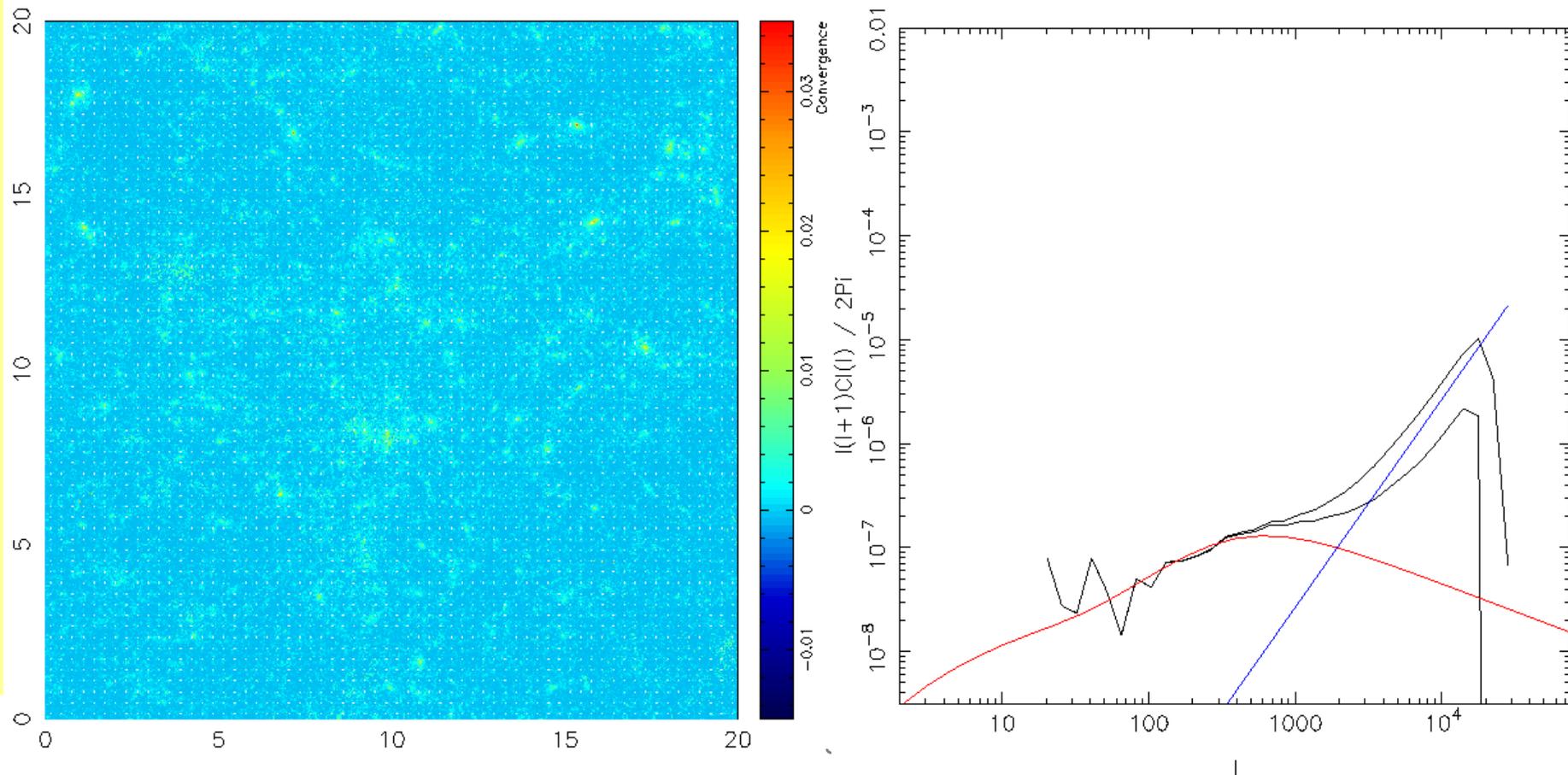
- R. Teyssier (2007)
- Largest N-body simulation to date



N-body Simulations

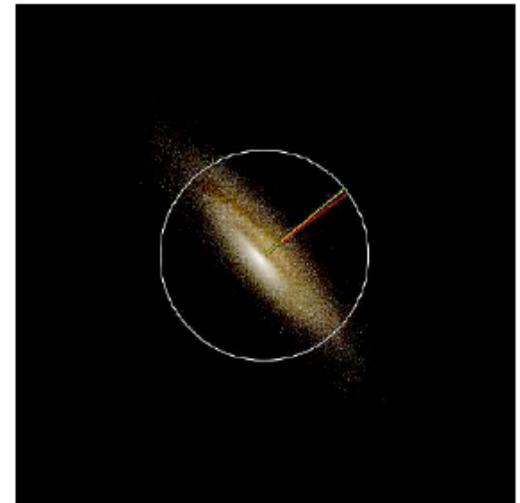
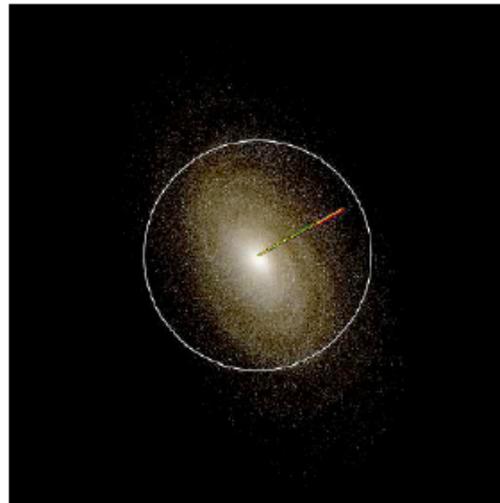
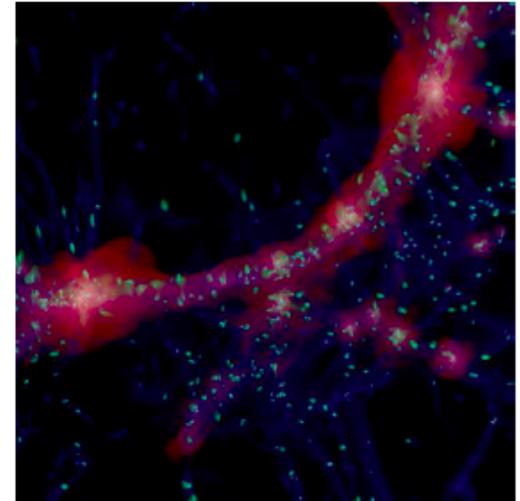
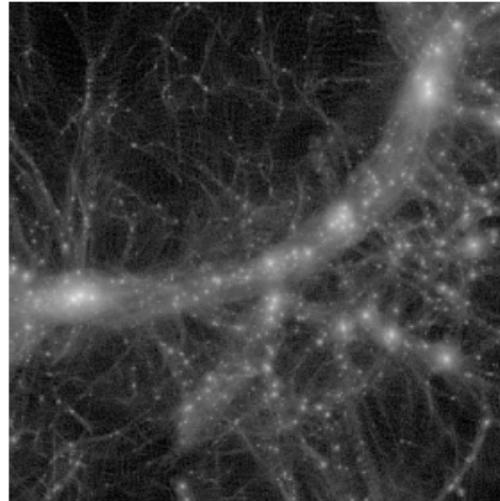
- Smaller scale - higher resolution (A Kiessling, A. Heavens, A. Taylor)
- Evolution as a function of redshift
- 20 sq deg $z=0.1-1.5$ Recover $l=100 - 10,000$

PS from convergence 01

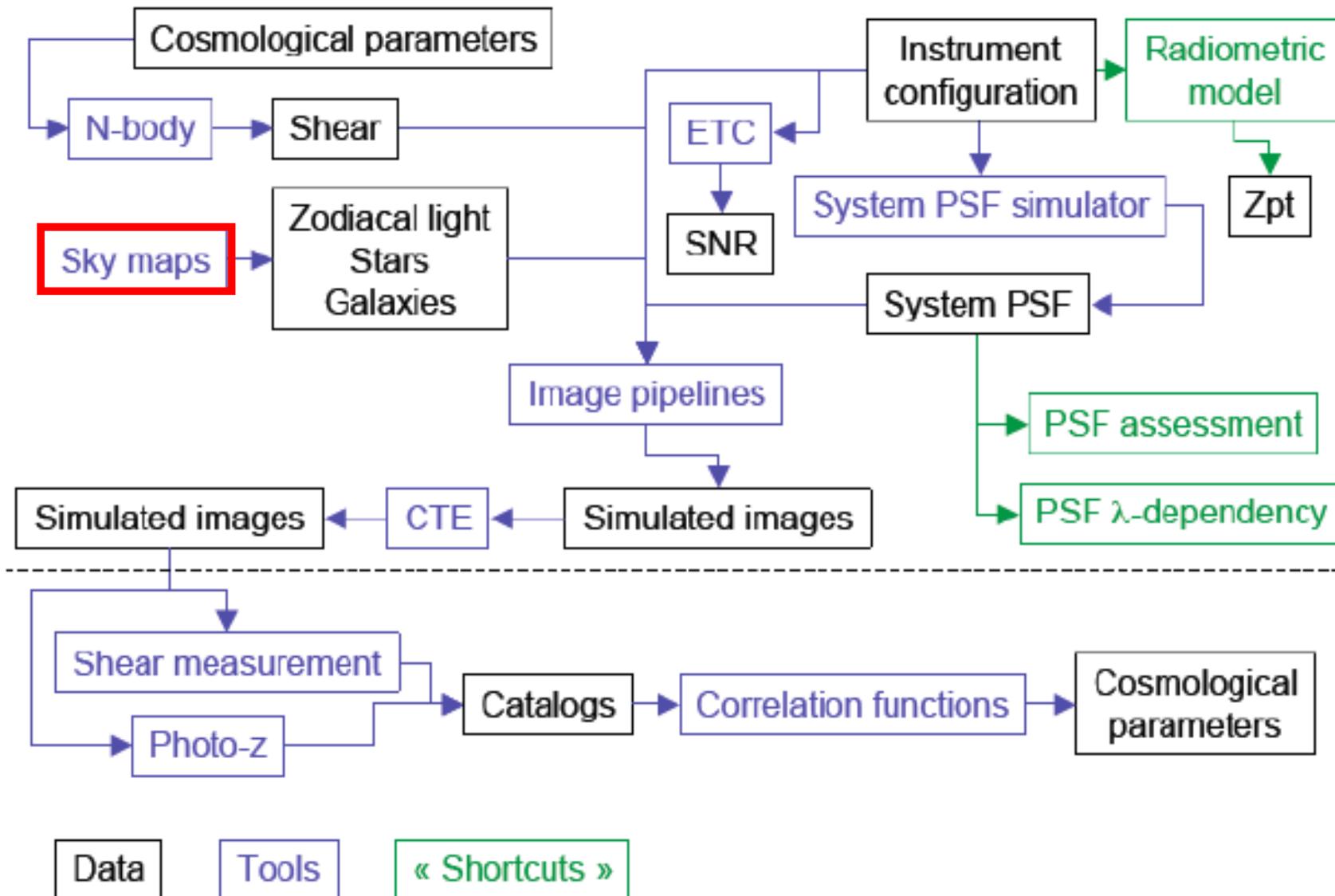


N-body Simulations

- O. Hahn et al.
- Full hydrodynamic
 - Baryonic effects
 - Ram pressure stripping
- Disk intrinsic Alignments
 - Depend on orientations
- Advancing understanding of intrinsic alignments
 - N-body
 - Halo Model (M. Schnieder & Bridle)
 - Nulling (Joachimi & P. Schnieder)



End-to-End Simulation Infrastructure

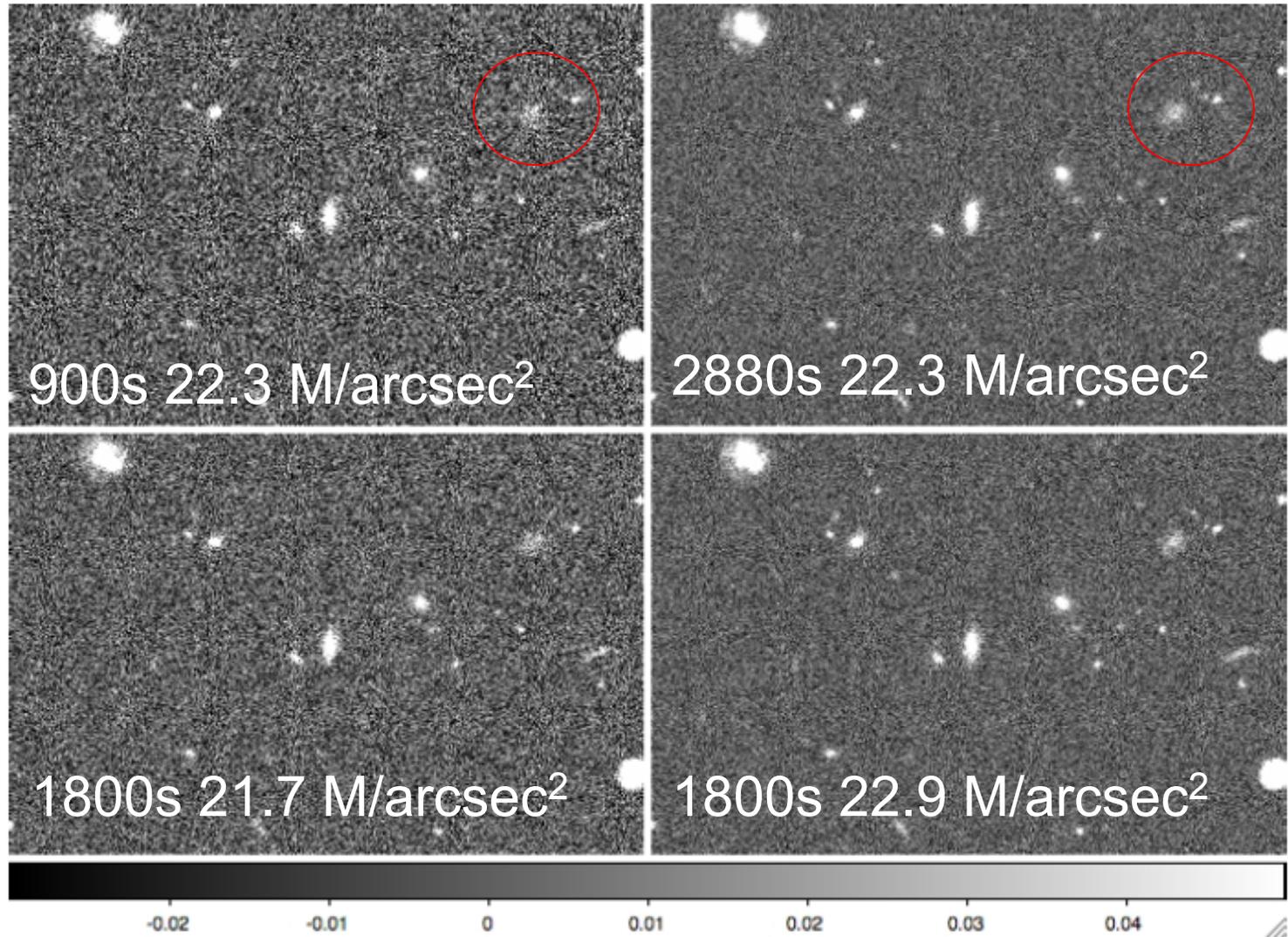


Sky Maps

- Two independent pipelines
 - `skylens` : M. Meneghetti
 - `simage` : J. Rhodes, R. Massey
 - Convergence tested and confirmed
- Aim of producing mock Euclid images
- Use 10,000 HUDF galaxies in B,V,i,z,J,H decompose into shapelets
- Telescope diameter, field of view, CCD gain, readout noise, pixel scale, QE
- (constant) shear added to simulations

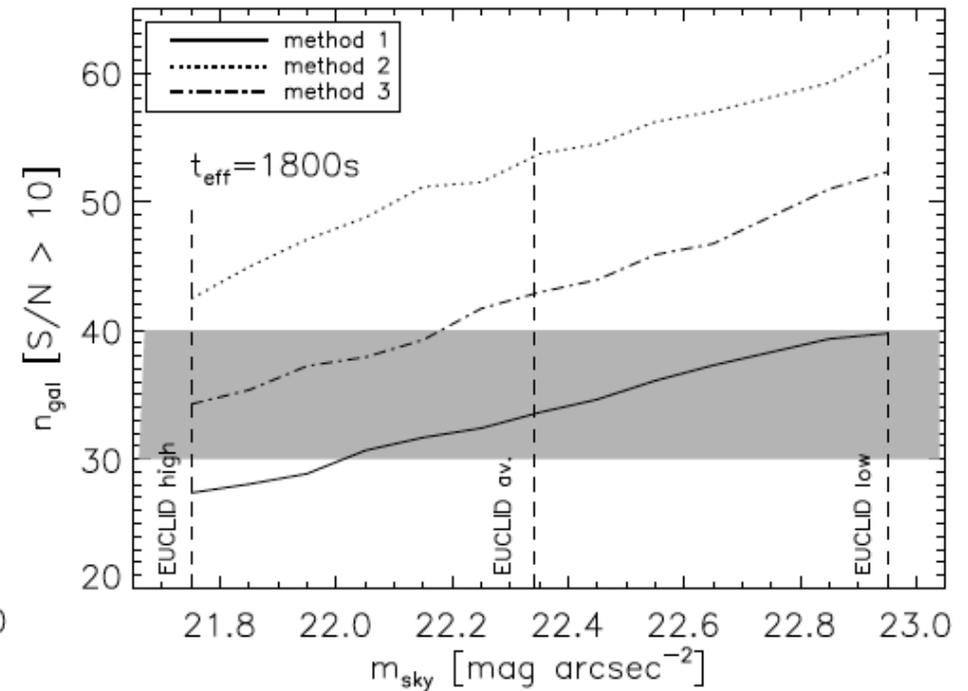
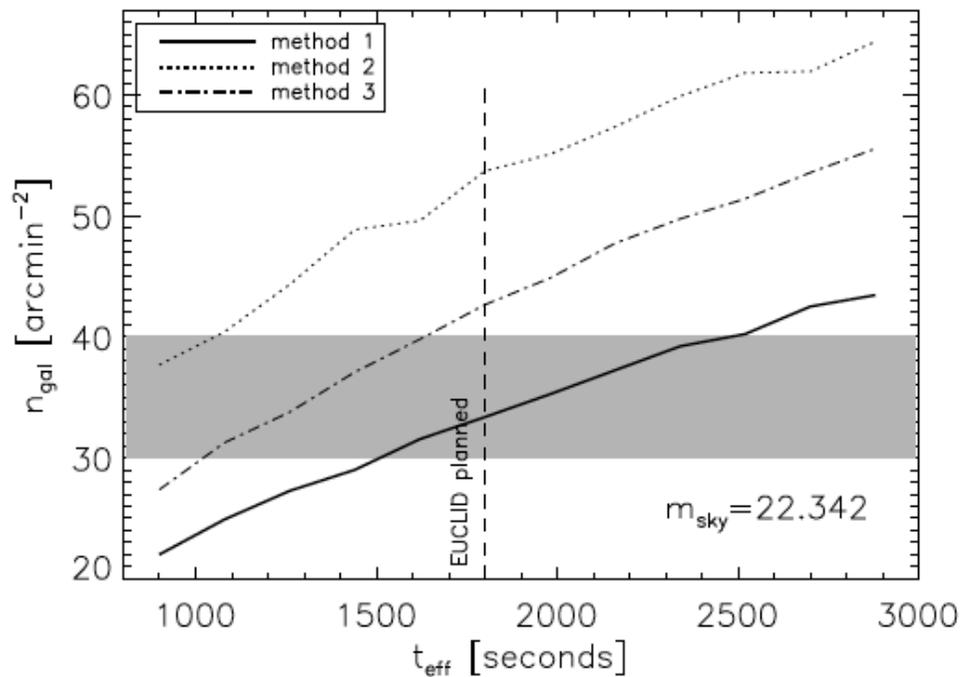
Sky Maps

- $33'' \times 22'' \sim (1/3 \times 10^9)^{\text{th}}$ of Euclid
- 1800s
- $22.3 \text{ M}/''^2$

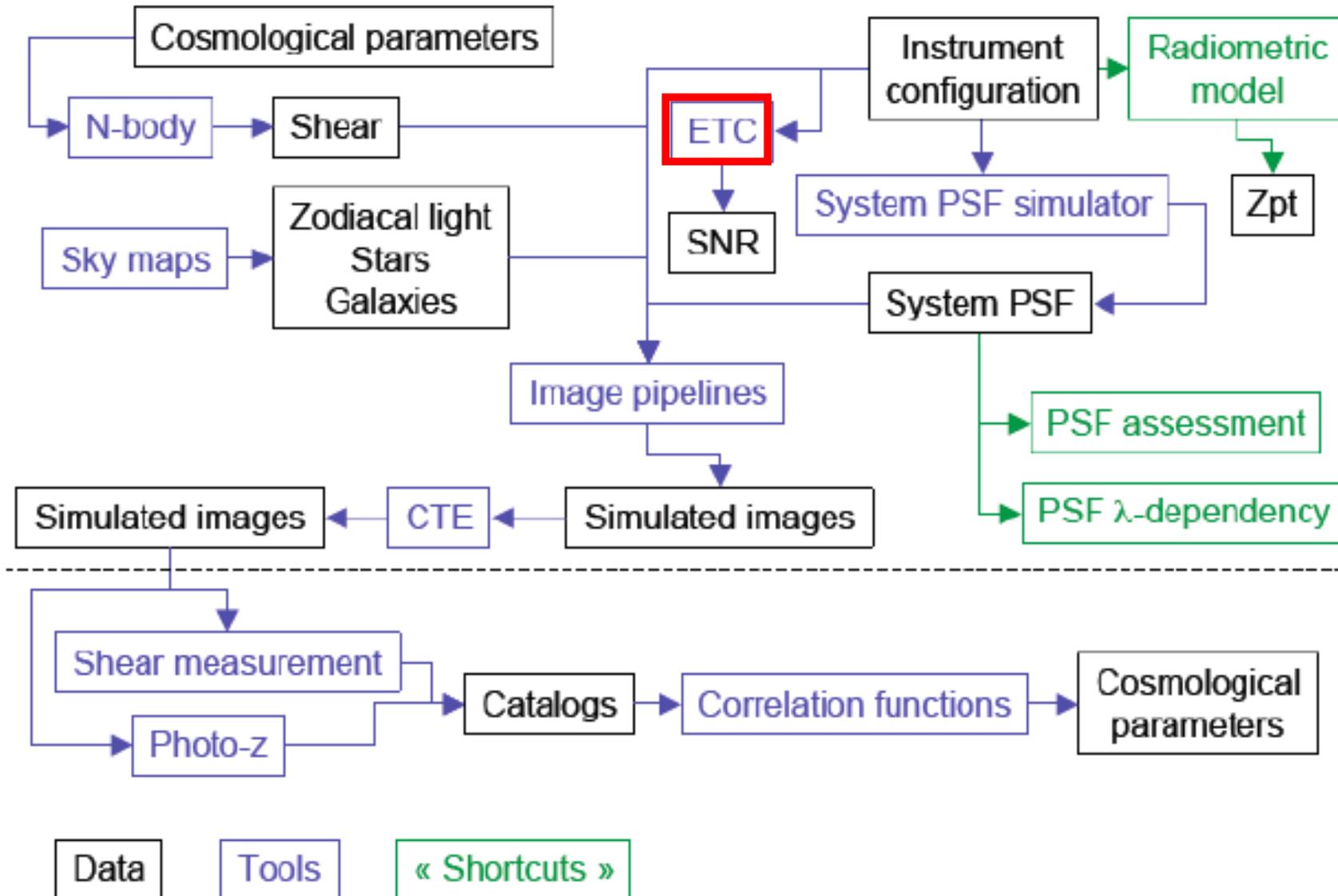


Sky Maps

- Using 3 independent shape measurement techniques
 - Also made a SourceExtractor S/N detection
 - *lensfit* : T. Kitching, L. Miller
 - *im2shape* : S. Bridle, L. Voigt



End-to-End Simulation Infrastructure



Exposure Time Calculator

- Andrea Grazian & Adriano Fontana
- Based upon LBT exposure time calculator
 - Grazian et al. (2004)
- <http://lbc-oa.roma.inaf.it/cgi-bin/calcuateETCDUNE.pl>
- Allows user to specify a flexible combination of
 - S/N, magnitude limit and exposure time
- Can also change several instrument parameters
 - e.g. on-the-fly filters of arbitrary bandwidth and efficiency

ETC

Instrument
Inputs inc.
VIS/NIP,
Object type

Specify S/N,
Magnitude,
Exposure Time

Details of
Exposure,
Number, time,
background

Exposure Time Calculator
Osservatorio Astronomico di Roma
Monte Porzio Catone

IR Change Detector

Input Parameters

Default Filter: F110W_HST

Custom Filter:

λ_{min} (Å): 13000

λ_{max} (Å): 15000

efficiency [0.0;1.0]: 0.9

Read Out Noise [e⁻]: 28 e⁻

Background Zodiacal Light: Average

Star Spiral Galaxy Elliptical Galaxy

Total Exposure Time

Total Exp. Time (s): 600 at SNR: 10.0 → Total AB mag in PhotApert: 24.00

Total Exp. Time (s): 600 at Total AB mag in PhotAperture: 24.00 → SNR: 10.0

Total AB mag in PhotAperture: 24.00 at SNR: 10.0 → Total Exposure Time (s): 600

Single Exposure Time

Number of Exposures: 2

Single Exposure Time (s): 300

Sky Back (ADU): 466.52

Magnitude of Saturation: 18.19

Reset Calculate

ETC

- Output
 - Simulated image of object
 - Parameters e.g. flux, S/N, PSF size
- Instrument development
- Link to Science requirements (area, magnitude, size) to survey optimisation

Simulation PARAMETERS

DUNE ETC Version v.1.0 (2008-12-03)

Instrumental Parameters:

- DUNE Device = **InfraRed**
- Filter = **F110W_HST.ecf** (Total Efficiency)
- $\lambda_{\text{peak}} = 11249.62$ (Å)
- Read Out Noise = **28** (e⁻)
- Dark Current = **0.02** (e⁻/s)
- Flat Field Accuracy = **0.0025**
- Pixel Scale = **0.3** (arcsec⁻¹)
- AB to Vega Factor = **-0.726**

Object Parameters:

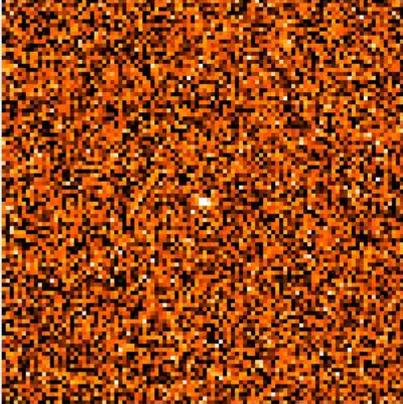
- Object Type = **star**
- PSF at Selected $\lambda = 0.40$ (arcsec)
- Photometric Aperature = **1.0** (arcsec)
- Aperture Correction = **0.25** (mag)
- Total AB Magnitude = **24.00** (AB mag)
- Signal to Noise Ratio = **10.0** (in 2.5 x PSF)
- Flux of the Source = **1405.14** (ADU)
- Mag/arcsec² = **23.84** (AB mag)

Observational Parameters:

- Number of Exposures = **2**
- Single Exposure Time = **300** (s)
- Total Exposure Time = **600** (s)
- Background Zodiacal Light = **A** [(Low/(A)ve/(High)]
- Sky AB mag = **22.10**(AB mag/arcsec²) airmass=0

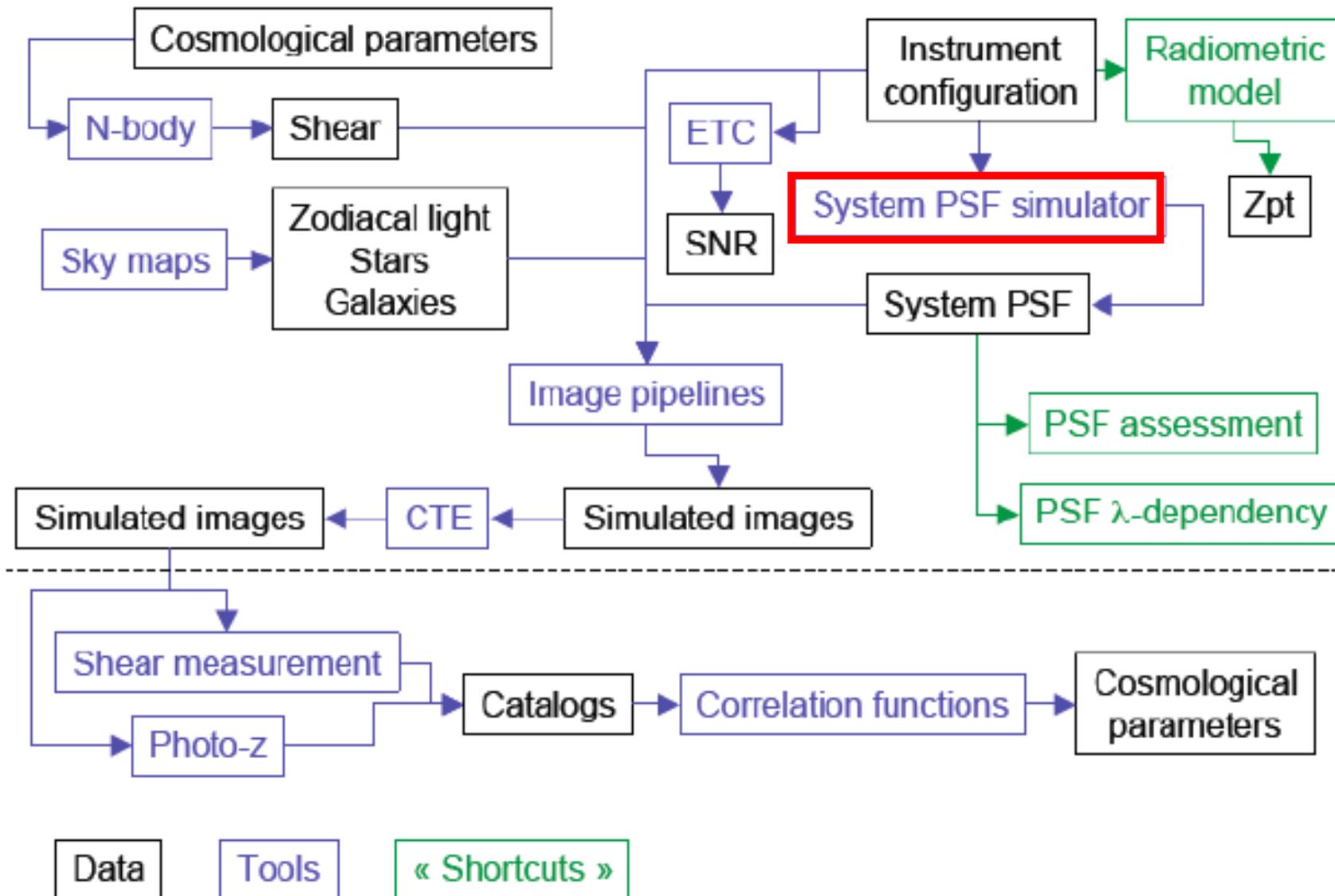
Image Parameters:

- Magnitude of Saturation = **18.19** (AB mag)
- Zeropoint = **32.13** (AB mag)

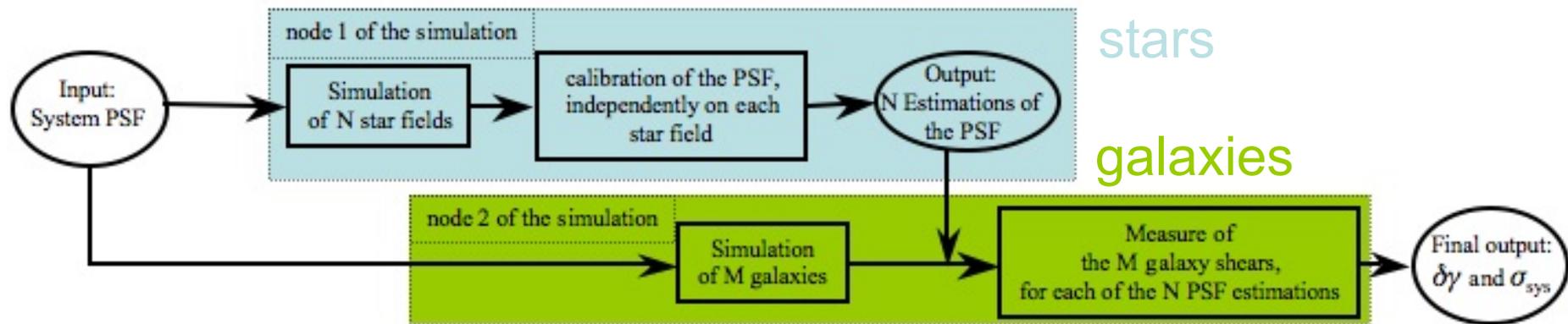


[download](#)

End-to-End Simulation Infrastructure



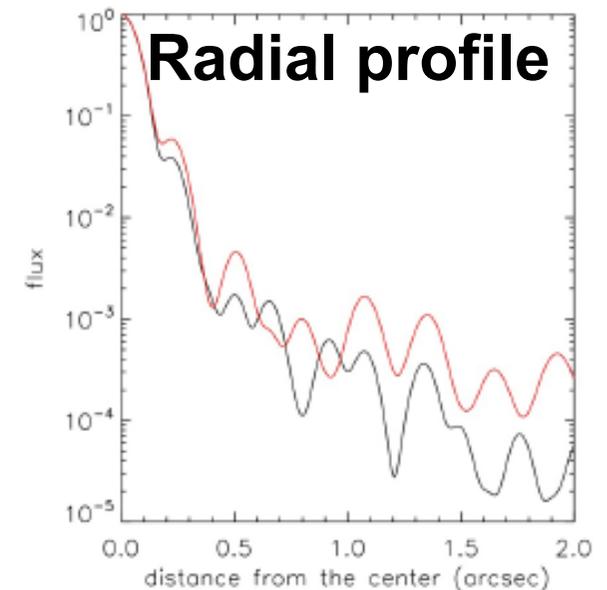
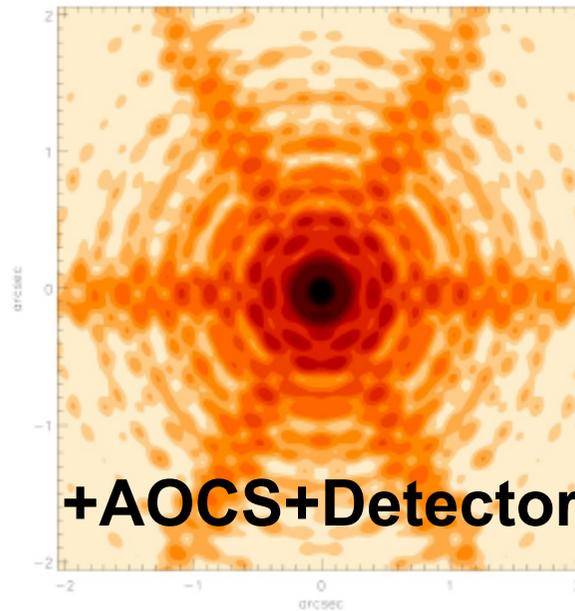
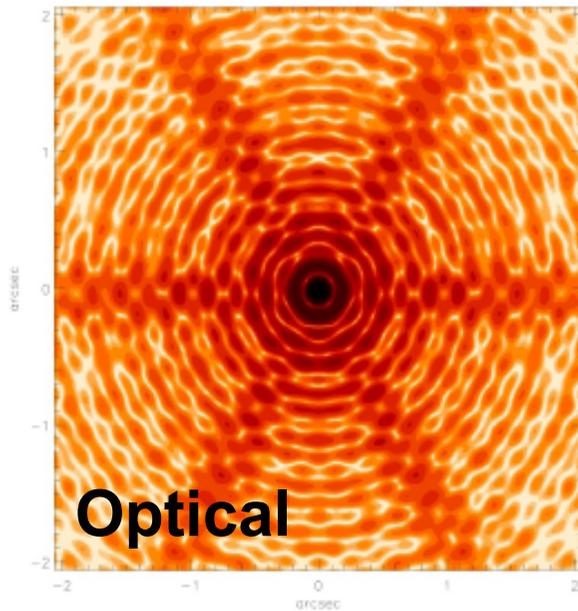
PSF Simulator



- S. Paulin-Henriksson et al.
- Links the system PSF to the science requirements
- Simulate stars and galaxies, measures shears
- Comparison made between the measured shear variance and requirement of $\sigma_{sys} \leq 10^{-7}$ (Amara & Refregier, 07)

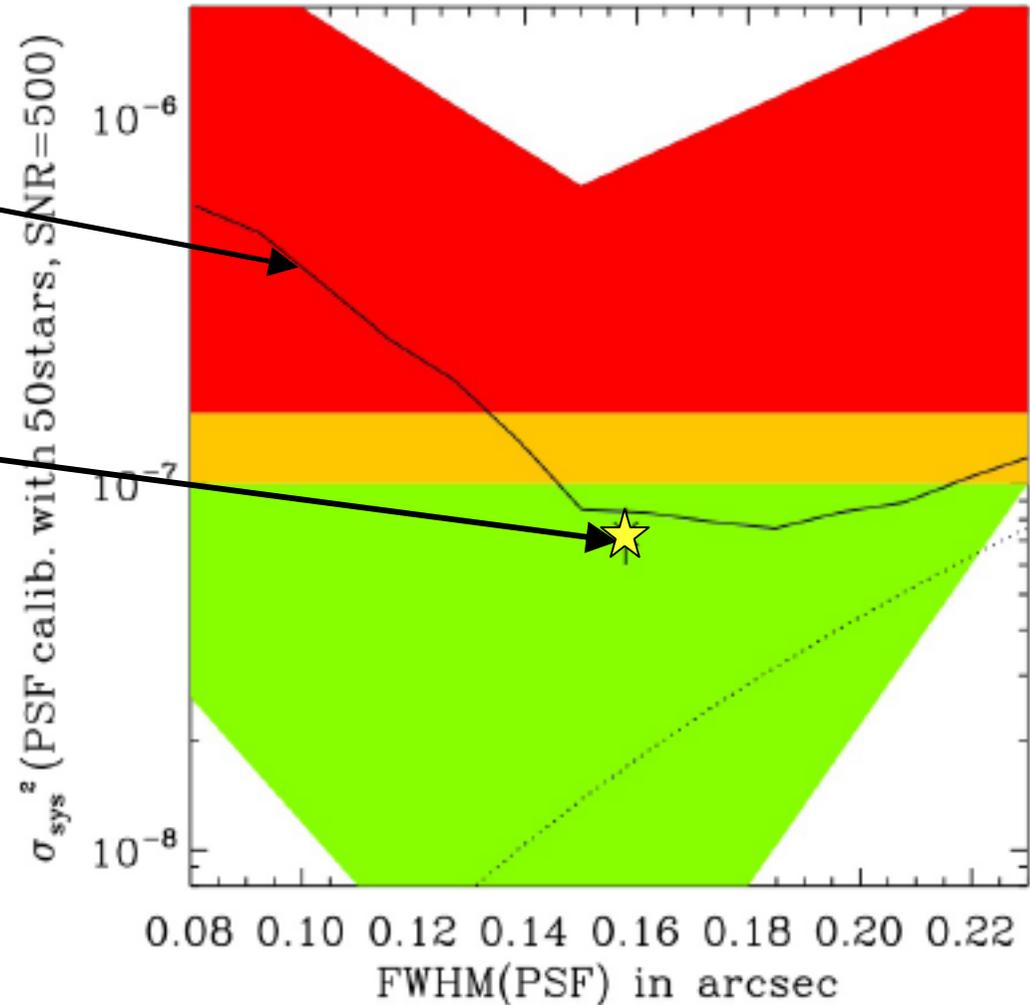
PSF Simulator

- PSF components
 - Optical PSF, includes diffraction effects
 - AOCS contribution, due to movement during exposure
 - Detector PSF e.g. due to diffusion (adopt a Gaussian)



PSF Simulator

- Example : Pixel scale / PSF FWHM optimisation
- Fixed pixel scale 0.1''
- Analytic approximation
 - Gaussian PSF
- Nominal System PSF



Conclusion

- Cosmological to System-Level simulations
 - Links Science Requirements to Hardware & Survey Design
- N-body - multi-scale multi-resolution approach
- Sky Maps - realistic Euclid performance; n_{eff} req. met
- Exposure-Time Calculator - flexible & multi-purpose
- PSF Simulator - throughput from hardware to science

End