PAC

PROTECTED ANTIPODE CIRCLE
AT THE MOON FARSIDE CENTER
FOR THE BENEFIT OF HUMANKIND

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by

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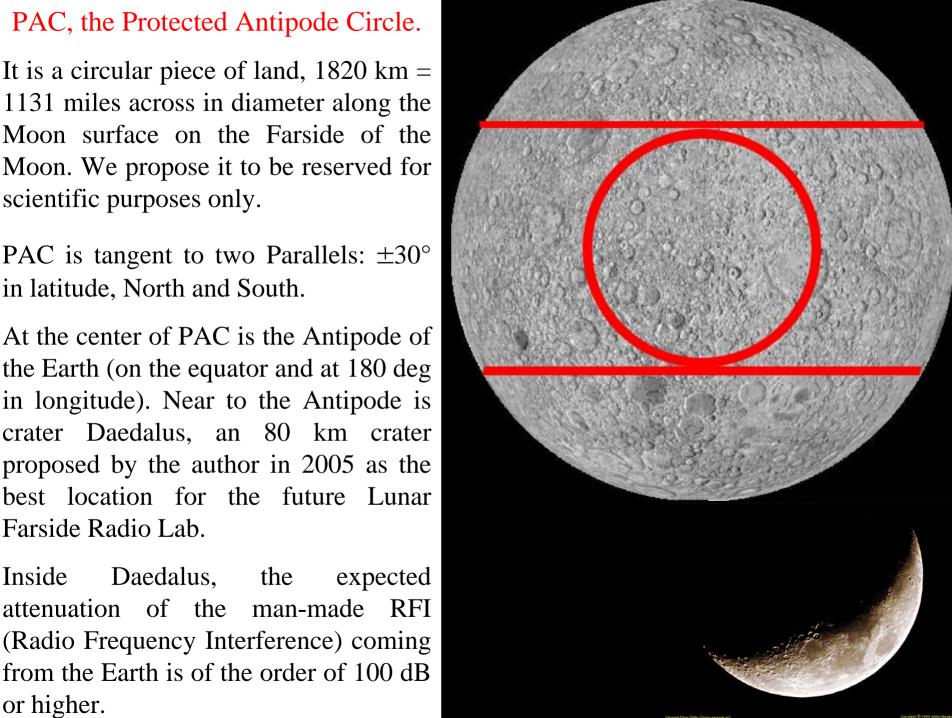
PAC, the Protected Antipode Circle.

It is a circular piece of land, 1820 km = 1131 miles across in diameter along the Moon surface on the Farside of the Moon. We propose it to be reserved for scientific purposes only.

PAC is tangent to two Parallels: ±30° in latitude, North and South.

the Earth (on the equator and at 180 deg in longitude). Near to the Antipode is crater Daedalus, an 80 km crater proposed by the author in 2005 as the best location for the future Lunar Farside Radio Lab.

Daedalus, the Inside expected attenuation of the man-made RFI (Radio Frequency Interference) coming from the Earth is of the order of 100 dB or higher.



PAC is a consequence of the

Lunar Farside Radio Lab

"Cosmic Study" of the International Academy of Astronautics (IAA)

That IAA "Cosmic Study" was started by the late French radioastronomer Jean Heidmann (1920-2000)



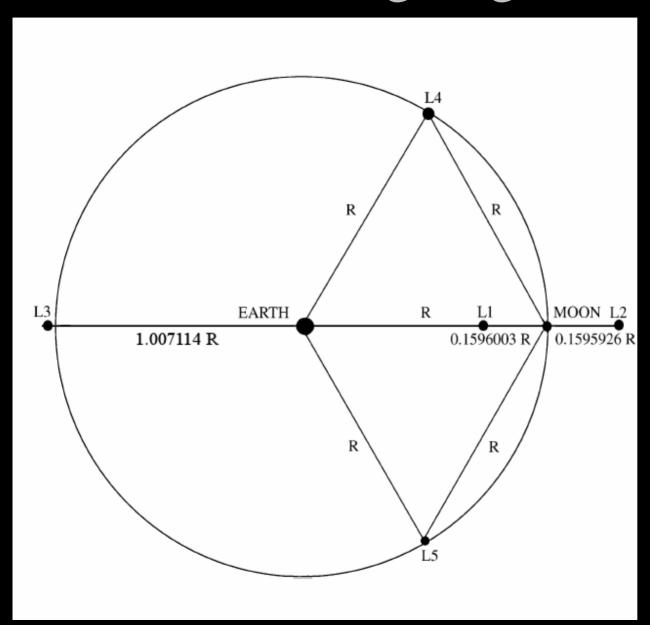


Timeline For That "Cosmic Study"

- 1994 Jean Heidmann proposes SETI observatory in farside Saha Crater with link to nearside Mare Smythii plain and then to Earth
- 1994 Lunar Farside Study Sub-committee established within IAA SETI Committee
- 1996 IAA approves Cosmic Study concept
- 1998 COSPAR meeting to solicit ideas
- 2000 Heidmann dies, Maccone takes over
- 2001 Meeting at JPL
- 2003 Cosmic Study presented to IAA
- 2005 Publication of the Cosmic Study in:

Acta Astronautica, Vol. 56, pp. 629-639.

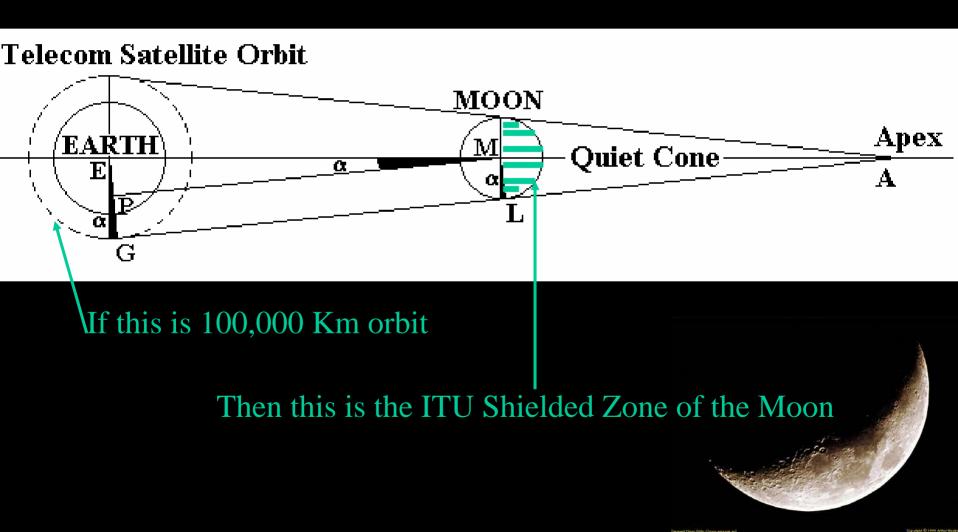
Earth-Moon Lagrangian Points





Shielded Zone of the Moon

ITU Radio Regulations Article S22



ARTICLE \$22

Space Services (1)

Section II. Control of Interference to Geostationary-Satellite Systems

Section III. Station Keeping of Space Stations

Section IV. Pointing Accuracy of Antennae on Geostationary Satellites

Cessation of Emissions

Section V. Radio Astronomy in the Shielded Zone of the Moon Section VI. Earth Station Off-Axis Power Limitations in the Fixed-Satellite Service

Section V. Radio Astronomy in the Shielded Zone of the Moon

In the shielded zone of the Moon (9) emissions causing harmful interference to radio astronomy observations (10) and to other users of passive

δ8. services shall be prohibited in the entire frequency spectrum except in the following bands:

S22.22

Section I.

S22.23

the frequency bands allocated to the space research service using active sensors;

S22.24

the frequency bands allocated to the space operation service, the earth exploration-satellite service using active sensors, and the radiolocation service using stations on spaceborne platforms, which are required for the support of space research, as well as for radiocommunications and space research transmissions within the lunar shielded zone.

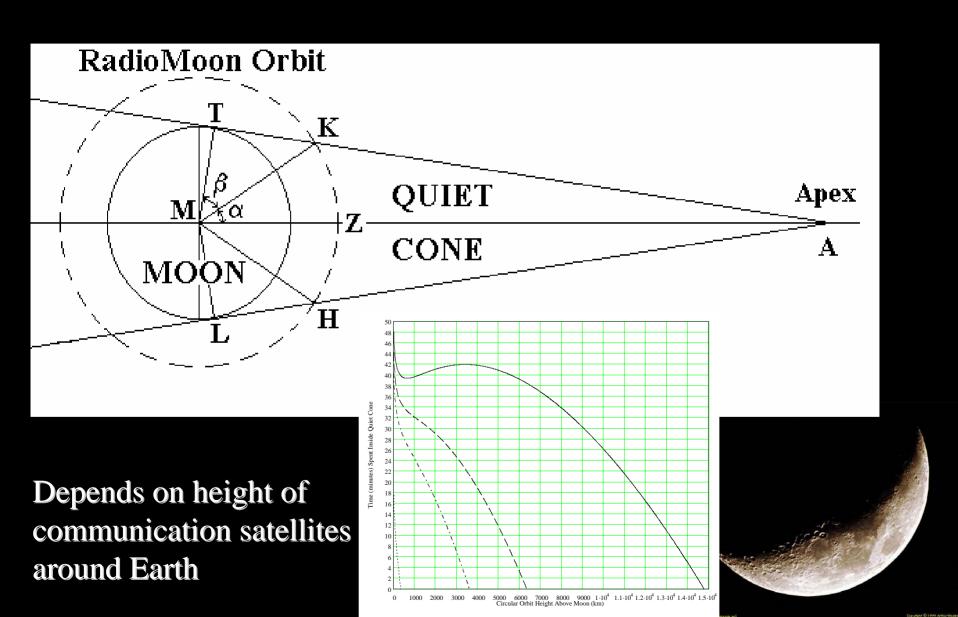
S22.25 In frequency bands in which emissions are not prohibited by Nos. S22.22 to S22.24, radio astronomy observations and passive space research in the shielded zone of the Moon may be protected from harmful interference by agreement between administrations concerned.

S22.22.1 9 - The shielded zone of the Moon comprises the area of the Moon's surface and an adjacent volume of space which are shielded from emissions originating within a distance of 100 000 km from the centre of the Earth.

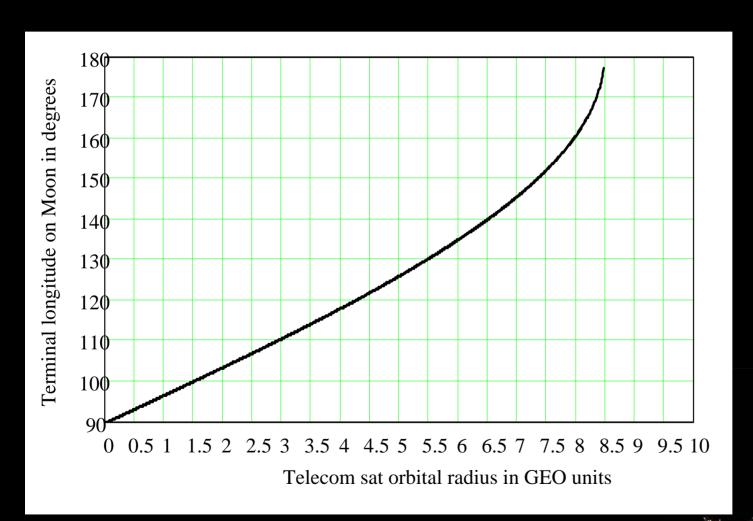
Recommendations.

S22.22.2 10 - The level of harmful interference is determined by agreement between the administrations concerned, with the guidance of the relevant ITU-R

Satellites In Orbit Around Moon



Orbits Higher Than Geostationary Move Shielded Zone Back



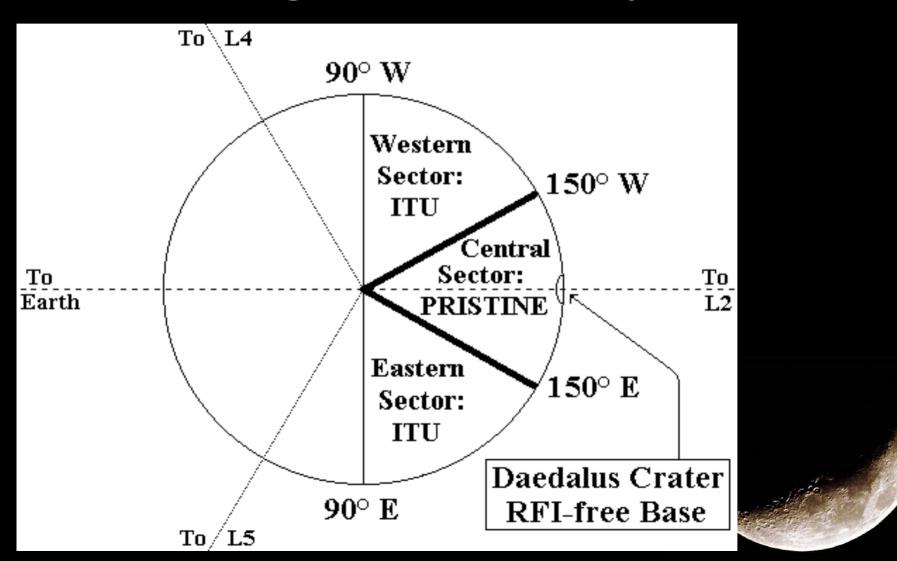
Daedulus Crater Is Proposed



- Formerly I.A.U. Crater No. 308
- 179 degrees east longitude
- 5.5 degrees south latitude
- 80 km diameter



Three Zones On Farside "Sharing The Moon By Thirds"



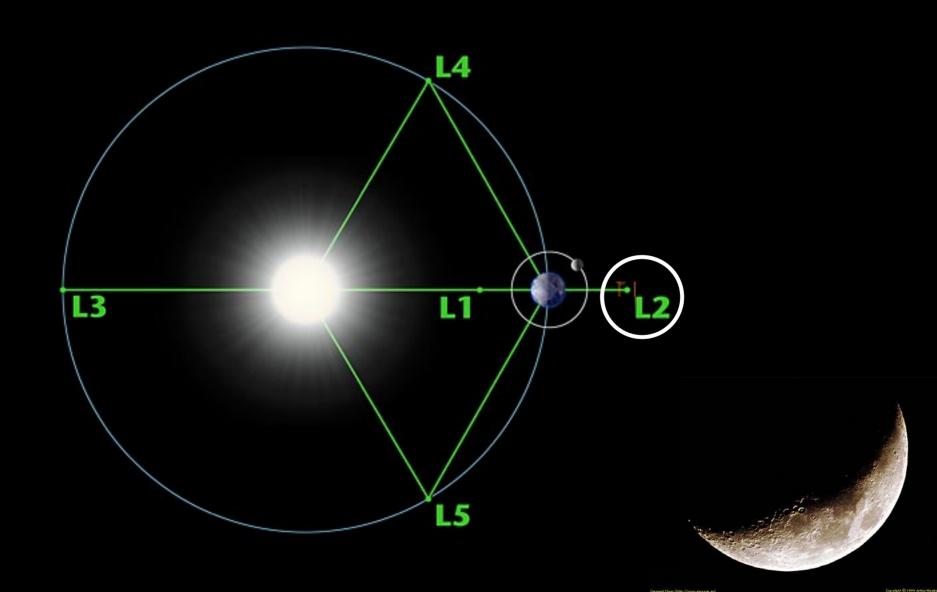
How Quiet Is The Farside?

- L5 Society wants to have space colony in orbit at L5
 - Western third would be shielded from this by the body of the moon
- Symmetric situation for L4
- Leave L2 alone!
- There is another L2 that matters...

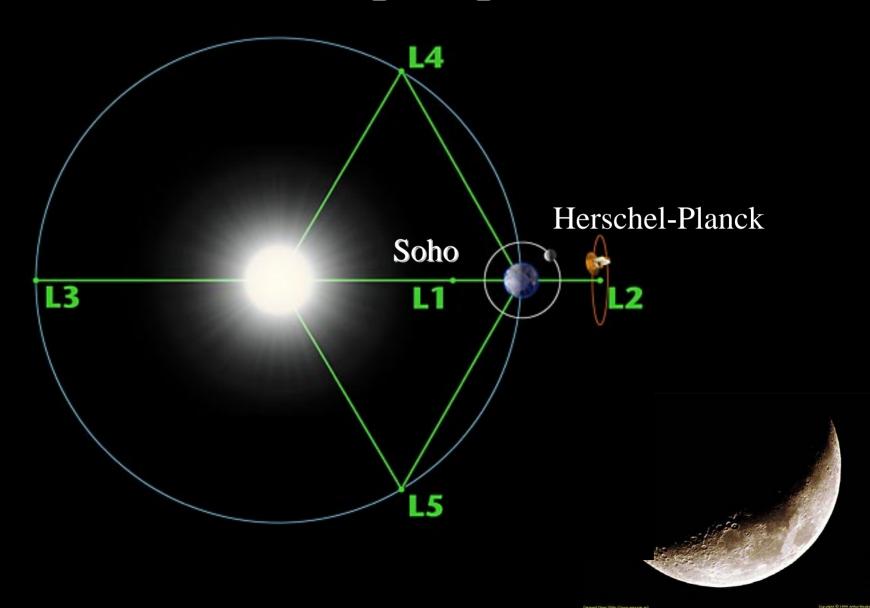
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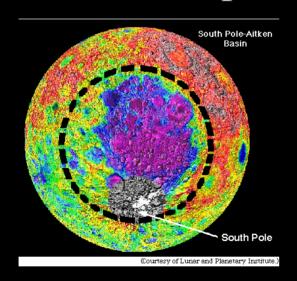
'Dueling' Cosmic Studies

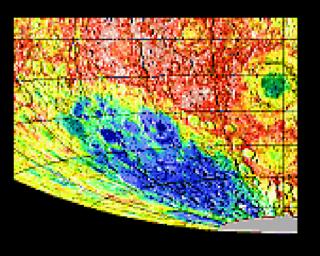
- A new 'moon rush'
- Lunar Prospector and Clementine find water



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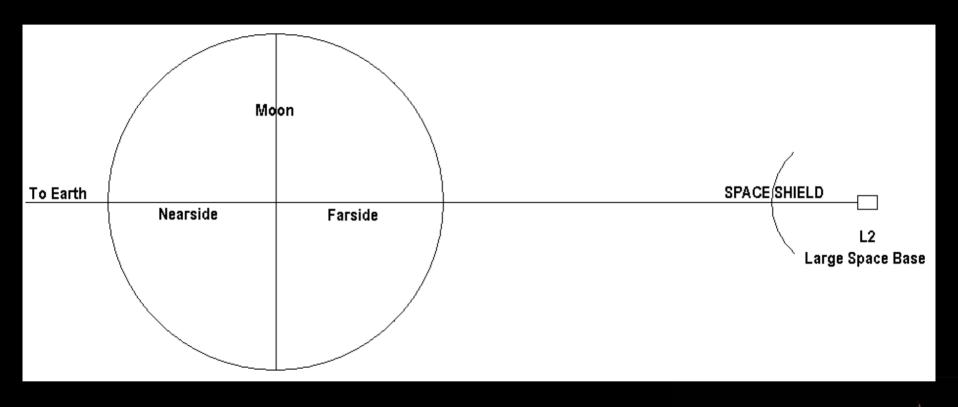
South Pole Aitken Basin



'Dueling' Cosmic Studies

- A new 'moon rush'
- Lunar Prospector and Clementine find water
- IAA Cosmic Study S 1.1 "The Next Steps in Exploring Deep Space"
 - Use Earth-Moon L2 for servicing station for satellites
 - Low-gravity launching platform for large spacecraft to the Asteroids, Mars and the outer solar system bodies

Peaceful Co-existence At A Price



A permanent shield between L2 and the moon

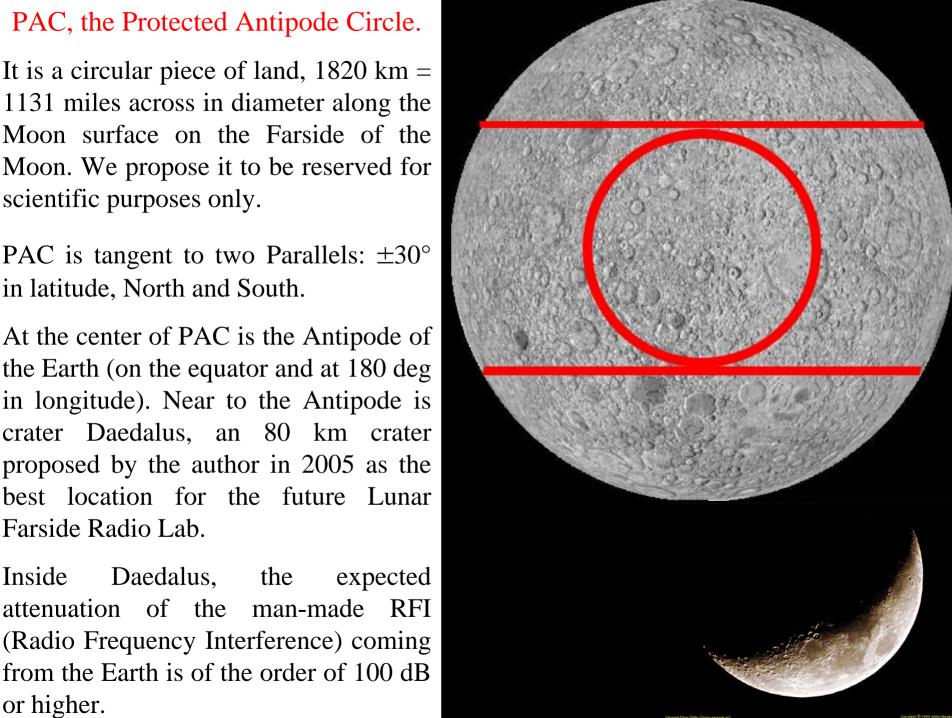
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Thank you!

