

# Theme 1: Space Plasmas

## From Sun to Earth and Beyond: the Plasma Universe

- coupling from electron to interplanetary scales
- solar magnetic fields and solar particle acceleration
- dynamics of non-terrestrial magnetospheres
- ➤ ➤ ➤ heliospheric boundaries and LISM

# Cross-Scale Coupling

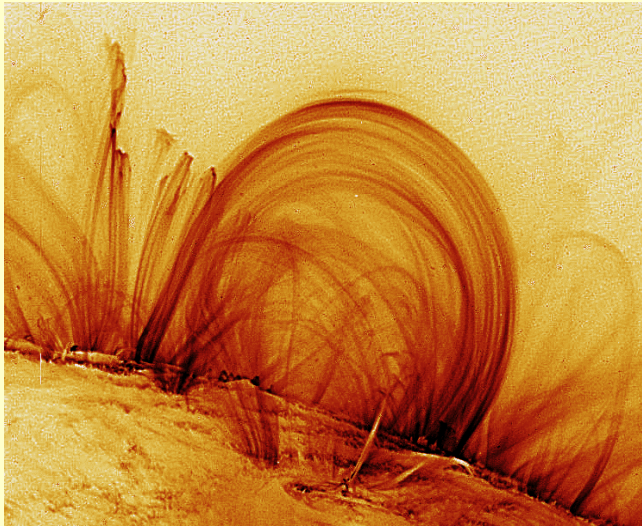
## Coupling from electron to interplanetary scales



- small-scale structures drive the magnetosphere
  - large scales set the outer boundary conditions
  - multitude of scales inbetween
  - $e^-$  and ion scales in magnetosphere 0.1/5 s
- ***how do small scales couple to large scales & vice versa?***

# Cross-Scale Coupling

## Coupling from electron to interplanetary scales

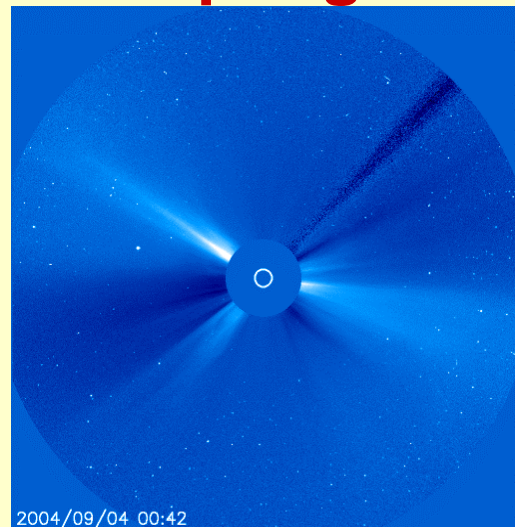


- small-scale structures drive the corona --> loops, shocks, etc., down to resolution limit
  - large scales set the outer boundary conditions --> streamers, holes,...
  - multitude of scales inbetween
  - $e^-$  and ion scales dramatically different
  - many different scales involved
- ***how do small scales couple to large scales & vice versa?***

# Cross-Scale Coupling

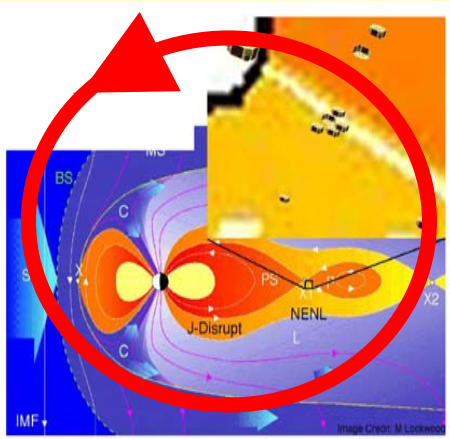
## Coupling from electron to interplanetary scales

- small-scale structures drive corona, etc.
- discontinuities in interplanetary space, CIRs, current sheets, stream interfaces
- MHD turbulence, kinetic processes
- fast (<1s) growth of instabilities in interplanetary space
- outer boundary conditions set by ISM
- ***how do small scales couple to large scales & vice versa?***



# Cross-Scale Coupling

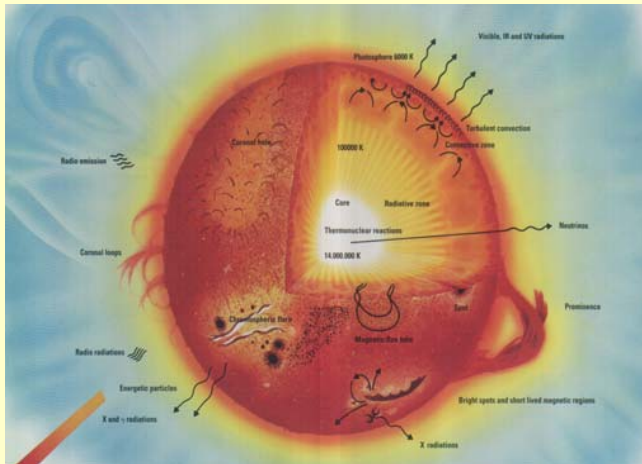
## Coupling from electron to interplanetary scales



- IP medium sets outer boundary conditions
- bow shock stabilizes at largest scale that allows stabilisation, dito for other boundaries
- these scales are much smaller than boundaries
- small scales mediate large scale requirements
- Cluster measures one scale at a time
  - ➤ ➤ ➤ high-resolution, high-cadence measurements
  - ➤ ➤ ➤ multi-scale/multi-spacecraft measurements

# Solar Magnetic Fields

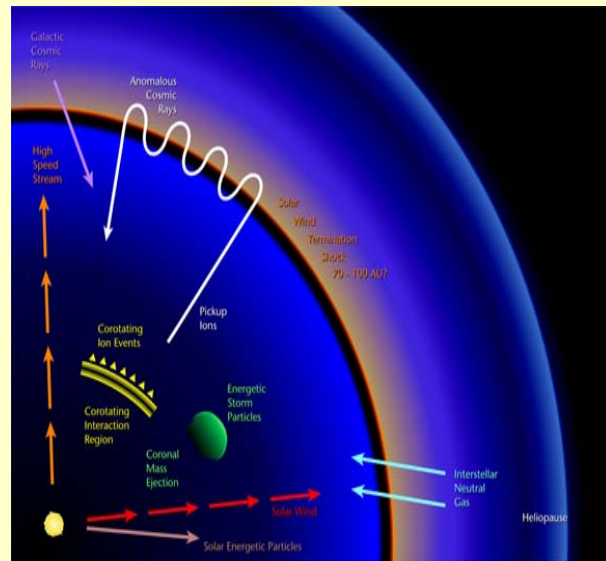
## Solar Magnetic Fields from Core to Corona



- origin of solar magnetic field: Measure polar subsurface flows
- interface solar interior to atmosphere: local helioseismology
- continue field into corona including kinetic effects, coronal heating
- SOHO has set the stage, snapshots with Solar Orbiter
- ➤ ➤ ➤ measure solar magnetic field vectors!

# Solar Particle Acceleration

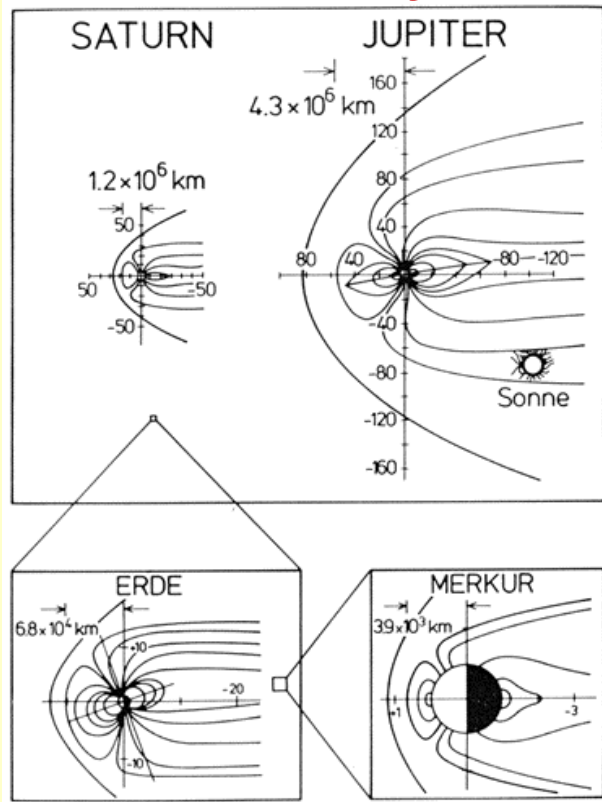
## Particle Acceleration in Corona and Beyond



- origin of flares and of coronal mass ejections (reconnection: --> cross-scale coupling!)
- fast particle acceleration to high energies (GeV) in corona, much less in IP space
- ion vs. electron acceleration
- origin and injection of seed particles
- the role of kinetic processes in coronal heating
- SOHO, Ulysses, etc. limited to single point
- ➤ ➤ ➤ measure particles in-situ near and at the acceleration site
- ➤ ➤ ➤ multi-spacecraft measurements
- ➤ ➤ ➤ high-resolution, high-cadence measurements

# Comparative Magnetospheres

## Dynamics of non-terrestrial magnetospheres

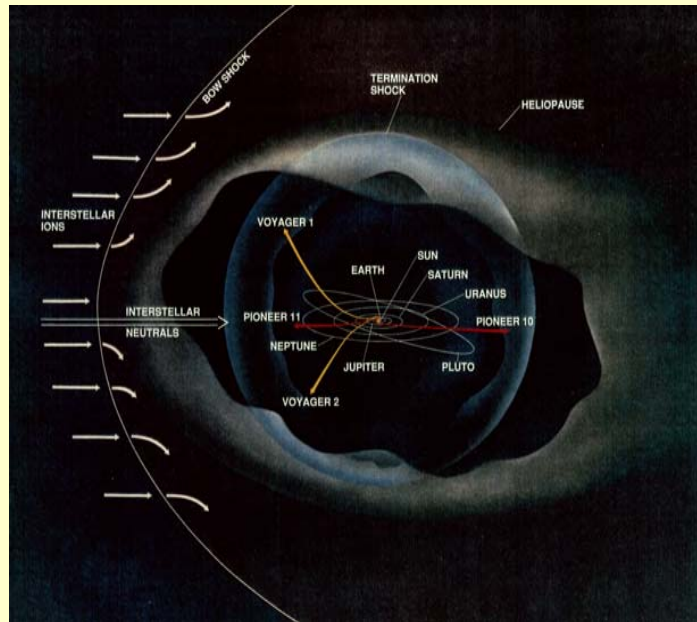


- different controlling mechanisms operate in different magnetospheres
- controlling parameters? timescales?
- magnetic bodies vs. non-magnetic
- implications for atmospheric losses
- ionosphere vs. no ionosphere
- Galileo plagued by low telemetry
- ➤ ➤ ➤ investigate different magnetospheres (expand parameter space)



# Heliospheric Boundaries

## Go to the Edge of the Heliosphere and Beyond!

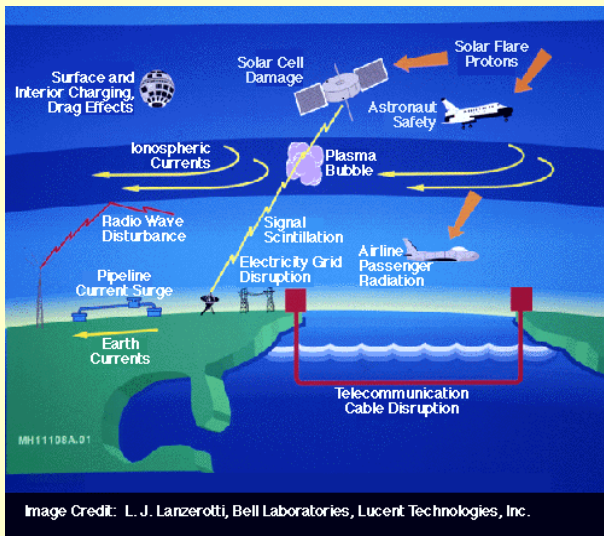


- structure and solar-cycle variation of outer heliosphere (solar mag. field!)
- structure of heliospheric boundary region (X-scale coupling, acceleration!)
- turbulence generation in the outer heliosphere (acceleration!)
- properties and influence of the interstellar medium
- Voyager instruments not built for this
- ➤ ➤ ➤ Explore edge of heliosphere and beyond!

# Space Weather

## Is Space Weather a scientifically viable vehicle for space plasma physics?

- Value for technology/human protection
- relevance to climate discussion?
- targeted research (meteorology < --> hydrodynamics)
- ➤ ➤ ➤ Contributions to space weather from all aspects of this theme



# The Sun as a Star

## What does the Sun teach us about other stars?

- solar and stellar interiors and their evolution

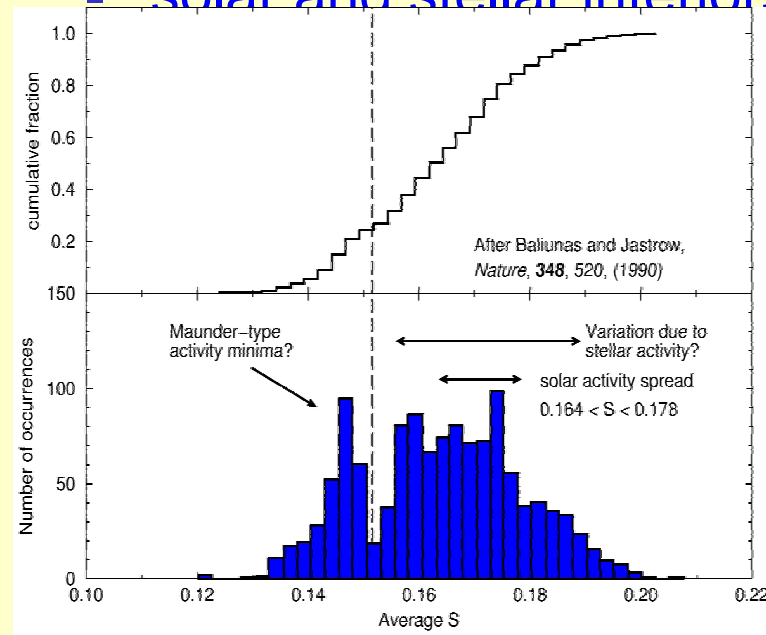
links through corona into interplanetary

- activity cycle of Sun and other stars

- Why is Sun so X-ray "dull"?

- ➤ ➤ ➤ Contributions will come

anyway



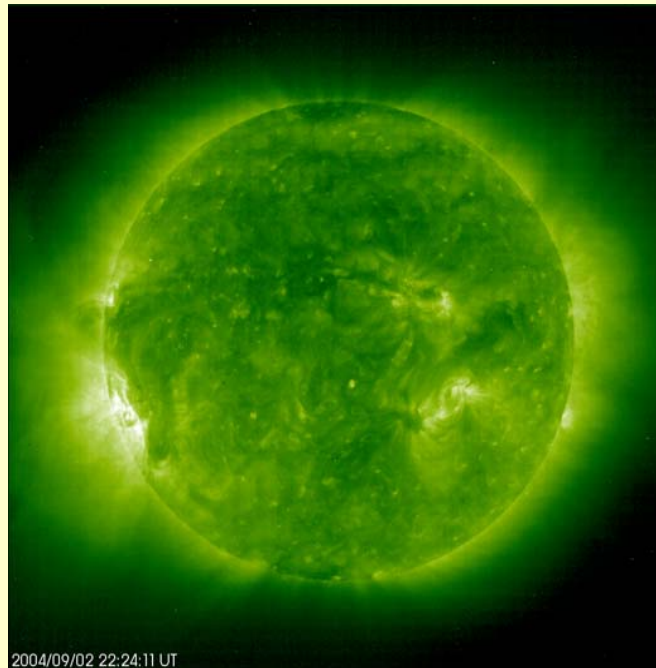
# Challenge I

## Understand the Coupling across Scales

- multi-spacecraft missions
- nano-sat concepts
- communication among spacecraft
- high-resolution and high-cadence remote sensing
- large data volumes and high telemetry rates

# Challenge II

## Understand the 3-d solar magnetic field



- "Holy Grail" of solar physics
- polarimetry from space
- high spatial resolution
- high cadence (fast processes)
- long-term helioseismology of polar regions
- high telemetry rates

# Challenge III

## Understand the ubiquitous particle acceleration

- high-resolution, high-cadence remote sensing (UV, X-ray, gamma-rays) of Sun
- measure in-situ at and around acceleration site
- multi-spacecraft measurements (L1 cluster?)

# Challenge IV

## Understand "non-terrestrial" Magnetospheres

- Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn "visited"?
- non-magnetic bodies (Moons and asteroids)
- distant outer solar system (Jupiter, Uranus, Neptune)

# Challenge V

## Leave the Heliosphere

- combine with outer solar system mission
- need to get there within 25 years
- technologically demanding, but doable



## Propulsion Systems for Quick Interplanetary Travel

- want to get there faster
- electric propulsion (nuclear or solar)
- solar sails
- linked to power

## Power Supplies for long-duration missions

- quick interplanetary travel demands high power
- high-resolution/cadence demands high power
- power in the distant heliosphere/solar system
- RTGs or very large, rad-hard, high-efficiency solar panels

# Multi-spacecraft flying

## Cross-Scale coupling demands measurements on those scales:

- hierarchical multi-spacecraft systems
- targeted enhancements of flying missions
- high-precision position keeping or knowledge
- develop highly autonomous micro/nano-sat systems

## Inter-Spacecraft Communication and European DSN Capability

- multi-spacecraft missions need inter-spacecraft communication
- dependence on US DSN with limited capacity and high cost
- large data flow requires large receiving capacity
- develop European low-cost, highly automatized, flexible DSN capability

# Summary I

## From Sun to Earth and beyond: the Plasma Universe

- scientific challenges
- technological challenges
- ➤ ➤ ➤ science and technology benefits for Europe

# Summary II

## Key science challenges:

- understand coupling across scales
- understand 3-d solar magnetic field
- understand ubiquitous particle acceleration
- understand "non-terrestrial" magnetospheres
- ➤ ➤ ➤ understand heliospheric boundaries

# Summary III

## Key technology developments:

- propulsion
- power
- communications
- micro/nano-sat systems including position keeping

## From Sun to Earth and beyond: the Plasma Universe

- multi-spacecraft/multi-scale magnetospheric mission
- long-term high-resolution, high-cadence L1 monitor  
(cluster?, solar polar orbiter?)
- magnetospheric instruments piggyback on planetary missions (Moons, asteroids, and outer planets)
- ➤ ➤ ➤ leave the heliosphere!