



The Viking Missions concluded that life had little chances ars







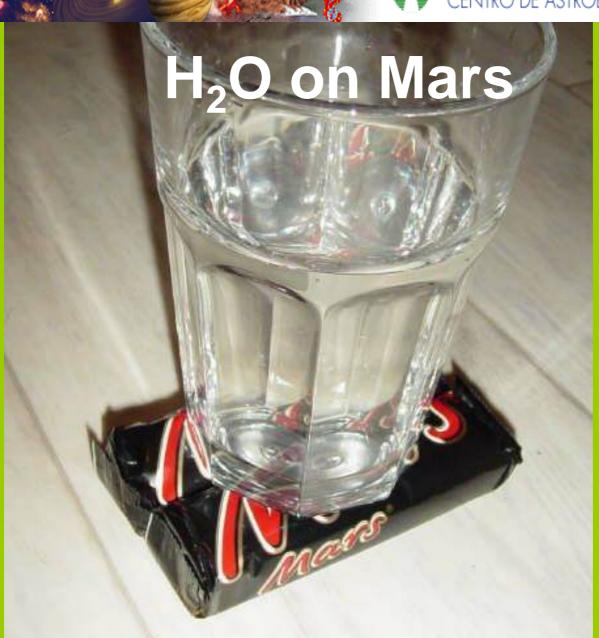
What happened between the 30 years that separate both pictures



discovery of:

- extremophiles
- subsurface life
- observationes in the ALH84001
 - Pathfinder mission
- discovery of other planetary systems
- development of Astrobiology

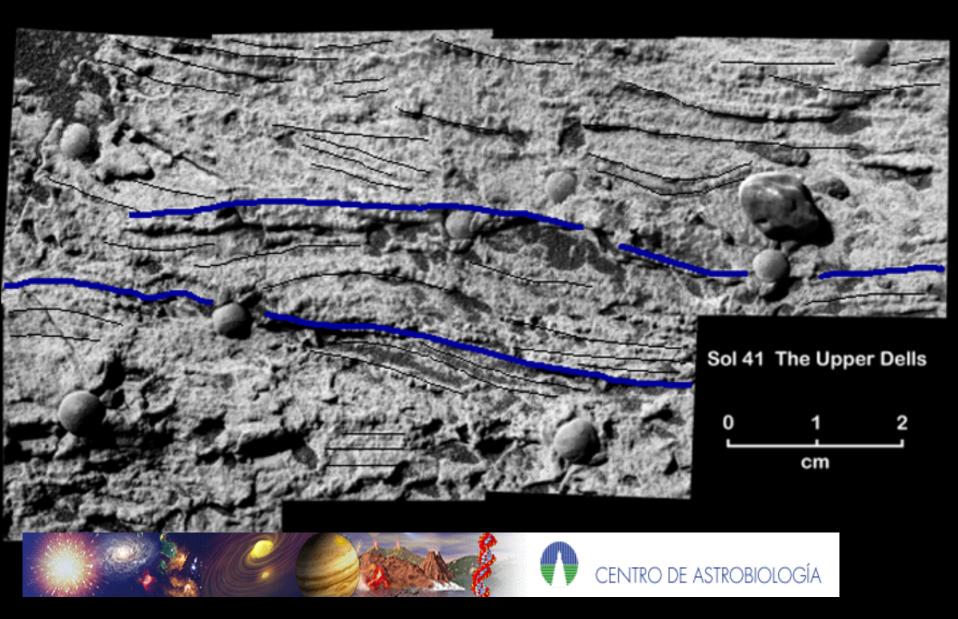






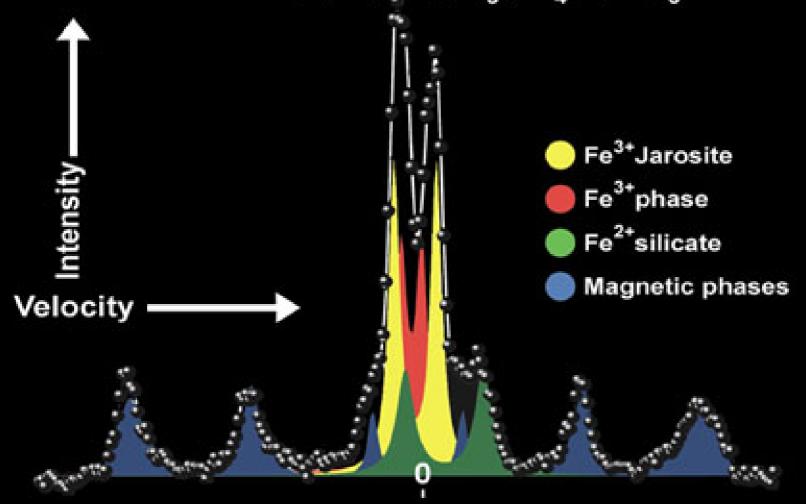


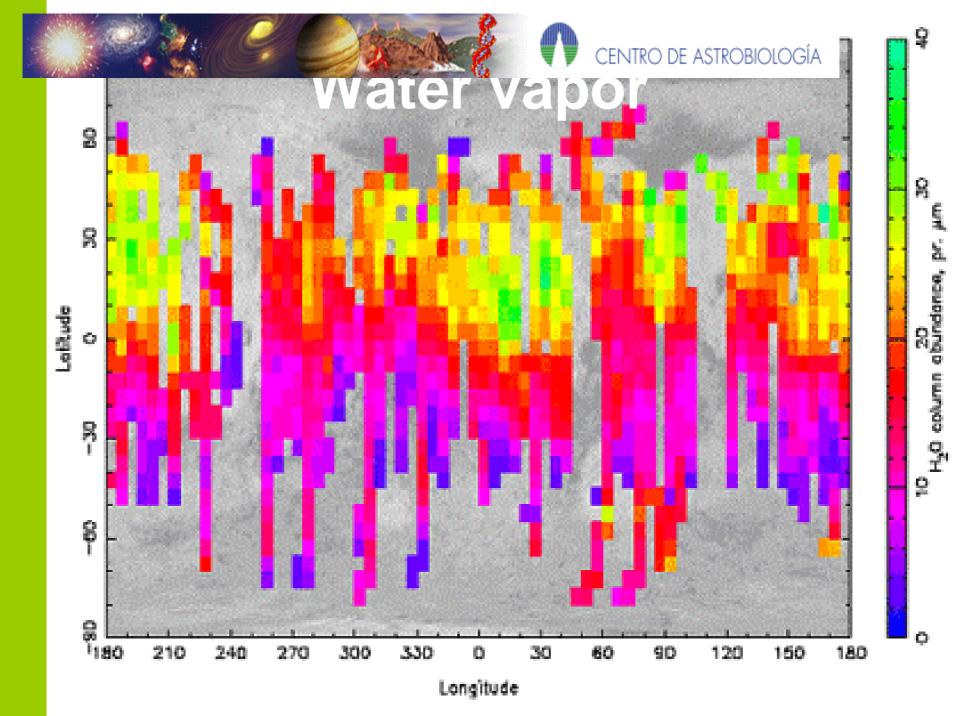
Upper Dells MI Mosaic



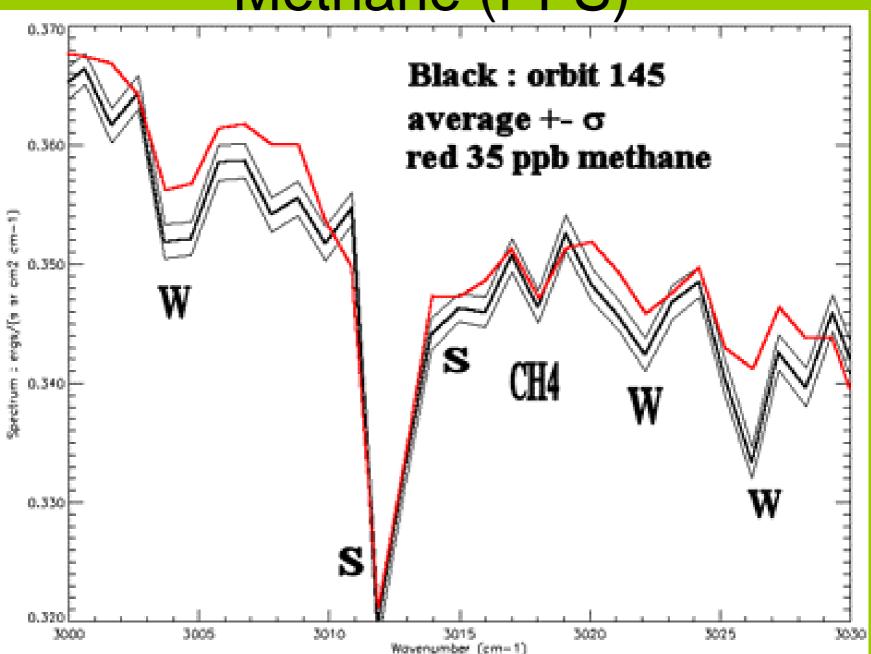


Mössbauer Spectrum of El Capitan: Meridiani Planum Jarosite: (K, Na, X⁺¹)Fe₃(SO₄) (OH)₆





Methane (PFS)





MARS CHARACTERISTICS

• - hematite ++

• - jarosite ++

• - goethite +

• - ionic strength ++

temperature surf low

- temperature ss

• - methane +/-

- oxygene +/-

• - µorganisms ?



conclusion: in Mars there are sedimentary rocks generated in aqueous acidic environment

- Possible terrestrial analogs:
 - submarine hydrothermalism
 - acidic environmnents
 - polar environments



characterized acidic environments:

volcanic activity areas

$$SO_2 + H_2S - S^0 + H_2O$$

- sulfidic metal mines

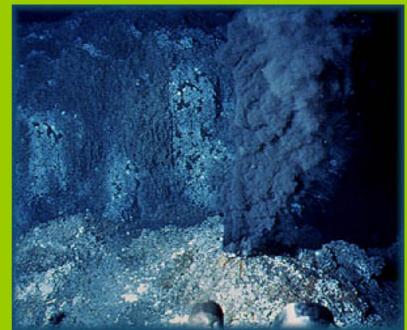
$$FeS_2 + H_2O \longrightarrow Fe^{3+} + SO_4^{2-} + H^+$$





Black smokers: tiny minerals settle out of the water around the chimney, they create metal-rich (metaliferous) sediments that appear shiny in this image.

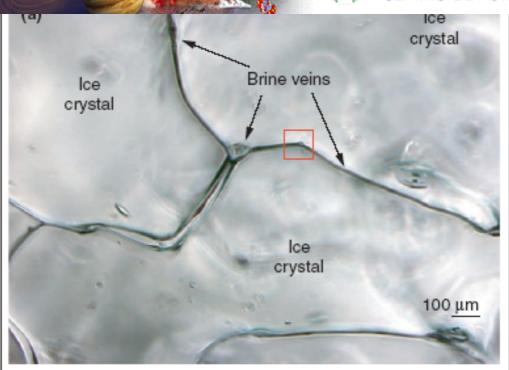
Main Endeavor Hydrothermal Vent Field on the Endeavor Segment of the mid-ocean ridge at 47_i57' N, 129_i6' W

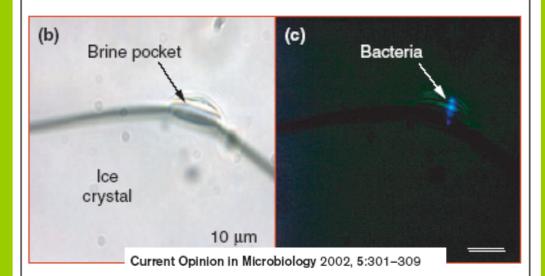




One of the best-known examples of living halophiles can be found in Shark bay, Australia. The bay is full of **stromatolites**, rocky formations up to 1.5 metres high which were built by colonies of halophile **cyanobacteria**.



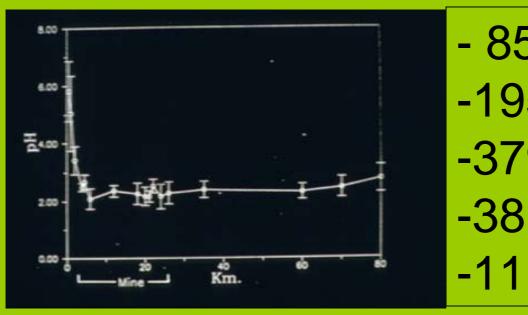








characteristics of the Tinto River



- 85 ppm of Cu
- -195 ppm of Zn
- -379 ppm of As
- -381 ppm of Cr
- -11 ppm of Ni



iron concentration at the origin: 15-20 mg/ml





basic reactions in the Tinto

FeS₂ + H₂O
$$\xrightarrow{O_2}$$
 Fe³⁺ + SO₄²⁻ + H⁺
Ferroplasma

Fe³⁺ + H₂O $\xrightarrow{}$ Fe(OH)₃ + H⁺

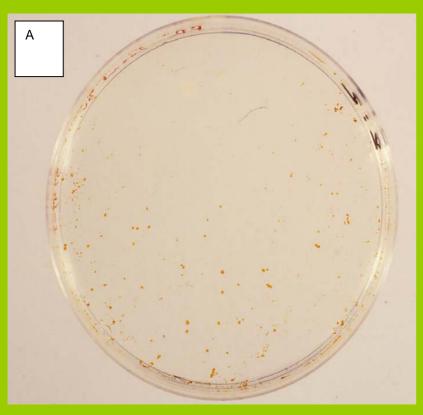


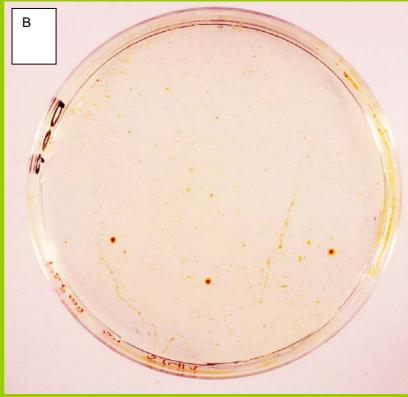
acidic lake at Peña de Hierro



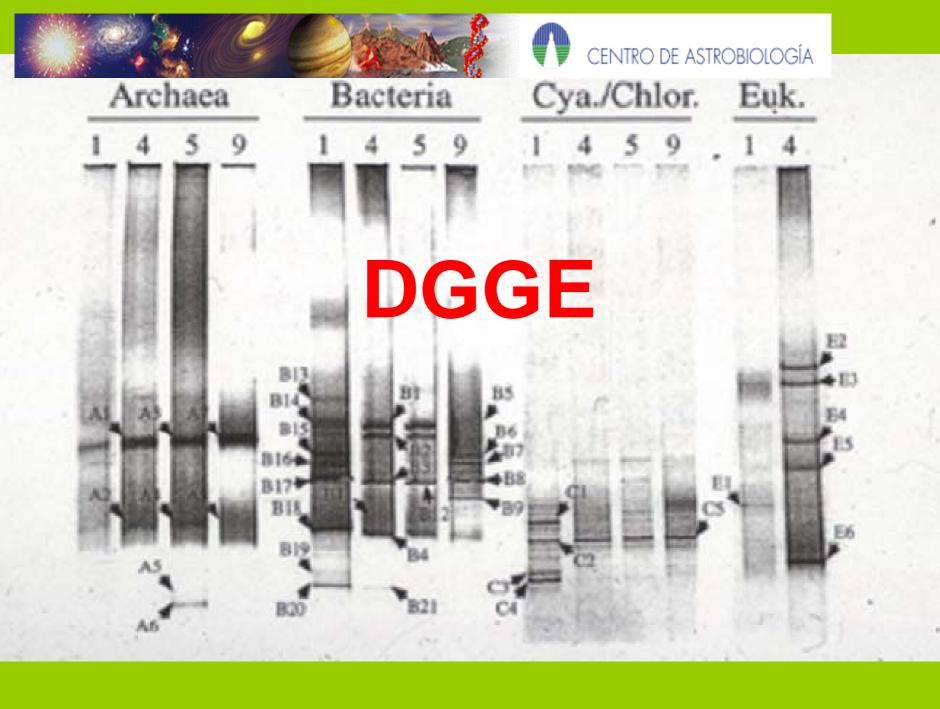


Iron oxidation bacteria





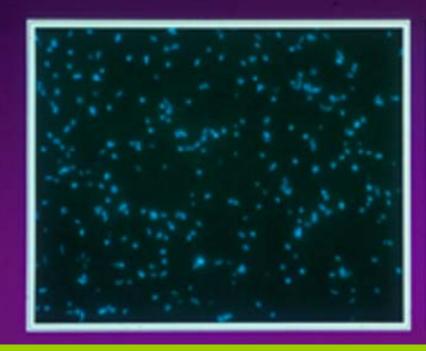






fluorescence in situ hibridación

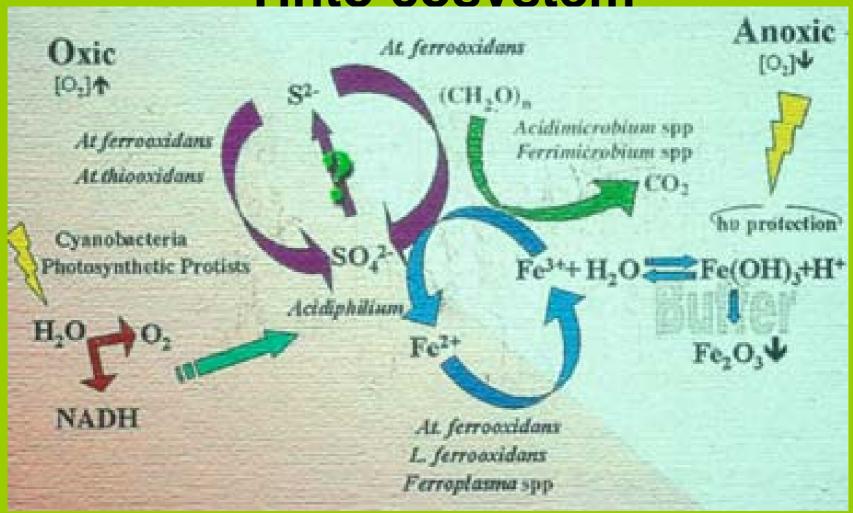
FISH: Leptospirillum ferrooxidans







geomicrobiological model of the Tinto cosystem





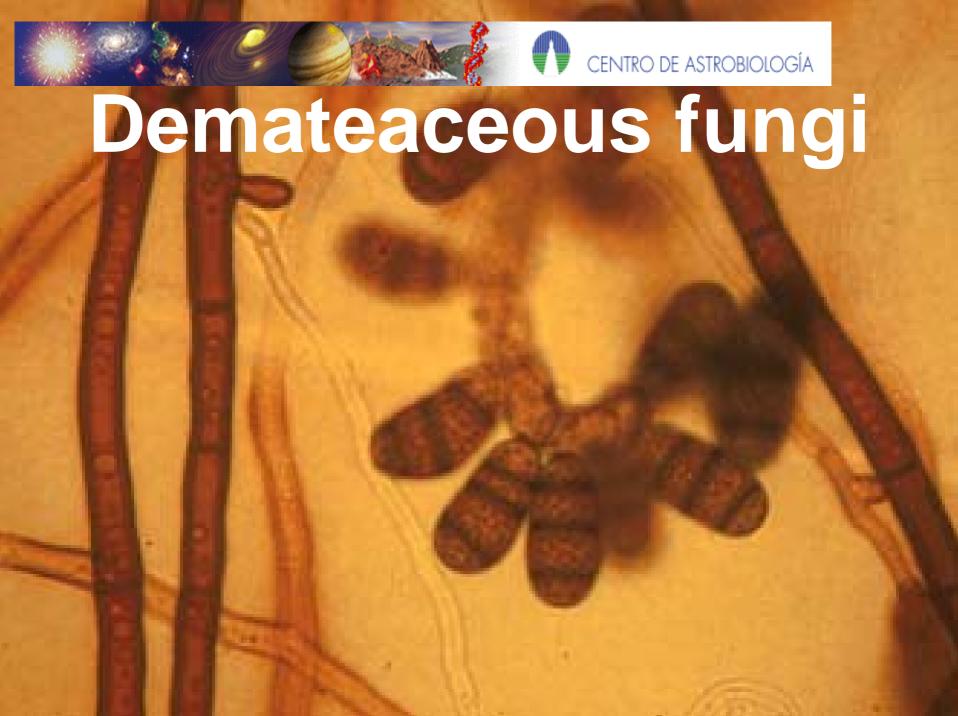
iron plays a central role in the Tinto ecosystem

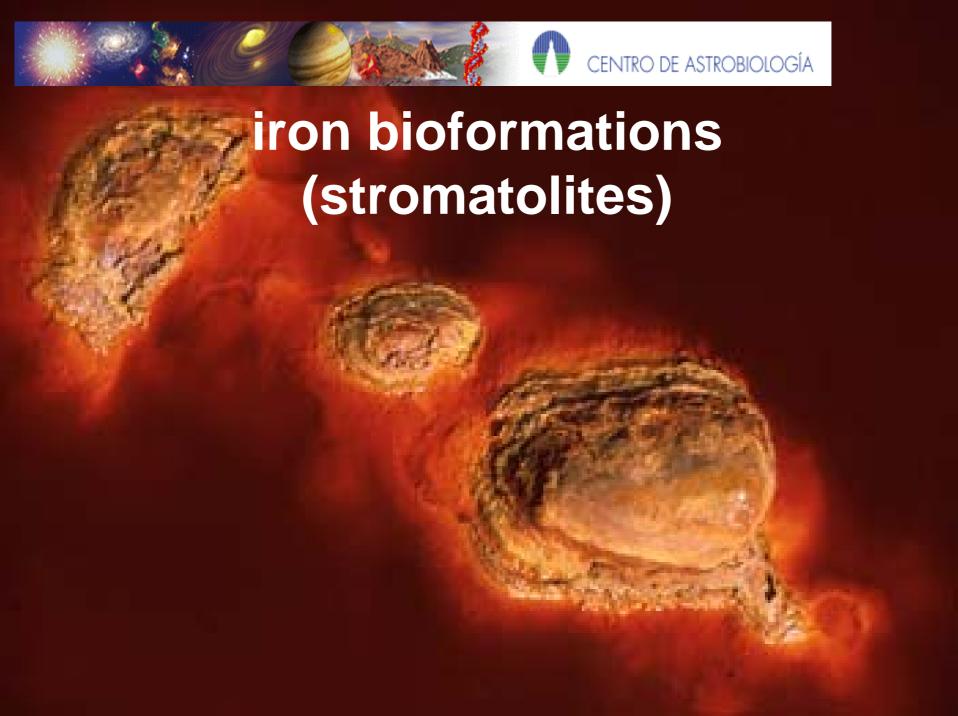
- 80% of the prokaryotic diversity of the system is related with the iron cycle: *Leptospirillum ferrooxidans, Acidithiobacillus ferrooxidans and Acidiphilium* spp.
- iron can be used not only as an electron donor in respiration, but also as an electron acceptor in anaerobic respiration, can control the pH (buffer) and can protect from UV radiation and oxidation.















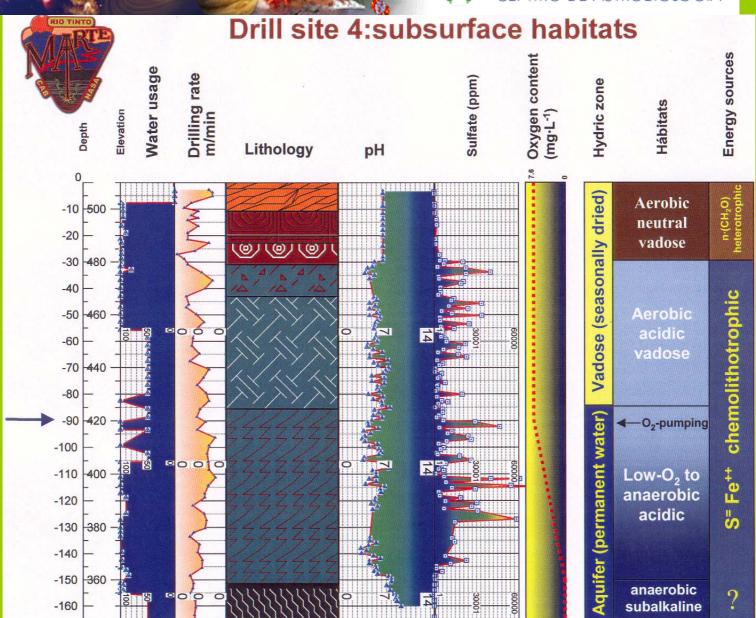






geometrobiological exploration of the linto subsurface (Pyritic liberian Belt)







COMPARISON BETWEEN MARS AND THE TINTO SYSTEM Resurf Ress

- - hematite ++ ++
- - jarosite ++ ++ +
- - goethite ++ ++ +
- - ionic strength ++ ++ ++
- - temperature surf low 4-35°C
- - temperature ss ? 10°C
- - methane +/- +
- - oxygen +/- ++ -
- - µorganisms ? ++ +



Thanks to the many people that has been working along in the Tinto project for helping to establish the interesting characteristics of this Mars analog